GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 100⅝ closed steady at 100⅝.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed in New York yesterday at 12c; in Liverpool at 6⅝d.

THE Signal Service Bureau report indicates for to-day in Georgia, partly cloudy weather, occasional rain, varying winds mostly north to east, stationary or higher pressure and temperature.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., August 2, 1878.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Hum.	Direction of Wind	Weather.
7 a.m	28.81	78	83	m.	Fair.
2 p.m.	28.73	88	59	N.W.	Fair.
9 p.m.	28.78	78	76	Calm.	Clear.
Means.	28.77	80	72		

Maximum temperature, 89°
Minimum temperature 78°
Maximum heat of the direct rays of sun 153.
Rainfall .33 inches
R. J. REDDING, State Ag'l Dep't.

Fire in Smyrna.

Special dispatch to the Constitution.

SMYRNA, August 21.—The handsome residence of Mr T J Hightower, situated about one mile from our little city caught fire this afternoon and

BURNED TO THE GROUND.

The family of Mr. Hightower were in the residence when it took fire, but escaped without any accident. All of the furniture and effects of the household were saved. Every effort was made

TO SUBDUE THE FLAMES

but to no effect and the building burned to the ground in two hours. The building was the property of Mr T J Hightower of the firm of Nunnally, Hisman & Co., of Atlanta. It was valued at $1,600 and was fully insured in the Georgia Home Insurance company with their agents at Marietta. P.

Griffin's First Bale.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

GRIFFIN, August 21.—The first bale of new cotton was received to-day from E B Stanley, Fiat Shoals, Merriwether county, and was sold to Rhea & Boyd at 16¼ cents. It was shipped to Langston & Crane, of your city.

W. M. M.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

List of Circuits

HOWING THE CASES REMAINING UNDISPOSED OF.

Southern	2	Cherokee	12
Stone	3	Augusta	8
Albany	18	Middle	9
Southwestern	44	Ocmulgee	17
Pataula	12	Brunswick	11
Chattahoochee	28	Eastern	4
Macon	27	Atlanta	72
Flint	41		361
Coweta	15		
Ocmulgee	10		

ATLANTA, GA., August 21, 1878.

B S Irvin, Esq., was admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

No. 6. Argument concluded.

No. 7. Allen vs State. Murder, from Glascock. Argued. J H Jourdan, James Whitehead, B A Lane, for plaintiff in error. R N Ely, attorney-general, Seaborn Reese, solicitor-general, for the state.

No. 8. Short, et al., vs Walton, et al. Right of way, from Wilkes. Argued. F H Colley, for plaintiff in error. B S Irvin, W M Sims, contra.

No. 9. Wright vs Smiths. Complaint, from Wilkes. Argued. F H Colley, W M Sims, for plaintiff in error. W M & M P Reese, B M DuBose, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Colley, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A M. to-morrow.

BURKE BEFORE POTTER.

Butler Tries to Reach the Wormley Conference, But Fails.

NEW YORK, August 21.—Major Burke to-day read from the papers a statement that there was a letter from Hayes to Foster, dated February 23d, containing

A BASIS OF GUARANTEES

and assurances given at the meeting in the committee room and at Wormley's, and said this letter covered all assurances he knew of. There was quite a passage at arms between the witness and Butler as to the papers he (witness) has. Witness claimed that all papers were referred to in his letter. Butler read a number of extracts from New Orleans papers referring to Hayes's promises and guarantees and asked witness if he had seen or read them. Burke said he had not, and that he had no time to contradict any statements made by newspapers within the past eighteen months.

Q—Have you not deceived the people of Louisiana by allowing them to believe that the newspaper statements were correct.

A.—My conduct toward the people of Louisiana is

ANSWERED BY THEIR LATE OFFER

to place me in an exalted position. They were furnished in substance with the particulars of what occurred at Washington relative to the Nicholls government. The only written assurances witness knew of were Young, Gordon, Matthews, etc., and about Grant's contemplated action. Burke said he was called home by Governor Nicholls to take a place there.

Q. And you asked him to whom you could hand over the documents, and Nicholls designated Penn, of Pensylvania. What were those documents?

A. Those I have already repeatedly described. There were also briefs as to what we thought of the supreme court. There were memorials from several parties and other documents as well, that I cannot minutely describe. I supplied the associated press with a full synopsis of the matter on the 27th of February.

Mr Butler then read the statement referred to by piece-meal and questioned the witness as to

TRUTHFULNESS AND LARGENESS

of scope as well as frankness.

Witness. I did not say that was full. I said it contained in substance what I meant.

Q. Why did you leave out the "filibustering?" Was that not an important point?

A. The words "full and frank" are your own.

Hiscock—The motive assigned for this man leaving out "filibustering" then is immaterial.

Butler (hotly)—I say it is not, and I intend to prove it.

The witness then said that they had agreed to do all they could to stop the filibustering.

Butler said it was plain to him that all the papers in the Wormley conference could not possibly be

ALL ON ONE SIDE,

and he was determined to take advantage of the broadest line. The original question on filibustering was repeated. Burke replied: "My reason for its omission was probably from providential motives, and that one of the members from Louisiana should state his views on the floor of the house." The witness was satisfied by Stanley Matthews that unless he was very much deceived his plans would be successful.

The witness denied that he ever told any one that Hayes in person had authorized guarantees or assurances.

MISSOURI'S FINANCES.

The Treasurer's Actions—A Special Session Expected.

ST. LOUIS, August 21.—A Jefferson City dispatch says that the state treasurer has hypothecated with the national bank of Commerce in New York three hundred thousand old Atlantic and Pacific railroad bonds as part security for an advance of two hundred and twenty thousand dollars made by that bank to pay the July interest on the state bonds. If these bonds, as asserted, have been paid but never cancelled, and should remain in the hands of innocent holders, the state can be made to pay them again.

A called session of the legislature is looked for soon, to take action in regard to the condition of the state treasury, and to provide money to meet its obligations.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XI. ATLANTA, GA. THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1878. NO 58

THE GREAT GLOOM.

THE WORK OF RELIEF IN ATLANTA, YESTERDAY.

Action of the Mayor and the Relief Committee—The Jewish Fund—Sympathy for the Sufferers—The Terrible News from the Infected Points

The news from the yellow fever district of the southwest yesterday was not more favorable than for a few days past. From all points comes intelligence that the scourge continues in all its violence and has developed malignant characteristics heretofore unobserved in epidemics of that disease.

ATLANTA'S CHARITY

should not be wanting in this emergency. As Judge Hillyer said at the relief meeting on Thursday night, there is little danger of our needing our charity at home this season and we should not be at all backward in sending our donations to those who are so sadly in need of all possible means of relief. The committee appointed at th Tuesday evening meeting are prepared to canvass the city and receive all that may be tendered in that behalf. We trust that when the record comes to be made up the name of Atlanta will not be found last upon the list.

THE CONSTITUTION'S LIST

for the relief of Grenada has not attained the proportions we hoped, but there is ample need of relief there and it will be weeks, if not months, before the demands for assistance will cease. We still keep open our list and invite the charitable to contribute. We will not only receive contributions for the people of Grenada, but for any other of the infected points that the donors may designate. We hope that the amount sent through this channel may be largely increased during the week.

THE INFLUX OF REFUGEES.

For a week past nearly every train from the southwest has brought us numbers of people who have fled from the proximity of the scourge. Our hotels have received many of these forced exiles and others have either taken private board or rented such furnished houses as were available. Many who desired to stop in Atlanta have, for the lack of proper accommodations, taken their families into the surrounding country. Nearly all the springs in North Georgia have visitors from the infected districts.

A MOBILIAN'S VIEWS.

Meeting a Mobilian in the city, yesterday, a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION sought to draw from him his views concerning the fever plague.

"Is there any fever in Mobile?"

"I do not know whether there is now or not, but I do know that several sporadic cases have been treated there within the past few weeks."

"Was it that knowledge that caused you to to bring your family away?"

"Yes, sir. While I have had the fever myself, my children have not and I do not desire them to test it."

"From whom did you learn of the cases you mention?"

"From my family physician, in whom I have every confidence and on whose word I can rely. I have a letter from him, received to-day, in which he says that although the fever has taken no firm foot-hold, it may become epidemic and violent any day. Under these circumstances Mobile cannot be deemed a safe place."

A MOST MALIGNANT TYPE.

"Do you know the character of the fever prevailing this year?"

"Only from the advices of commercial friends in New Orleans and Grenada. From their reports I should say that this epidemic is of a more malignant type than any that has ever prevailed in the valley. It seems to resist nearly all the known methods of treatment and to yield slowly to the very best treatment."

"Will many people leave Mobile, do you think?"

"I believe that all who can will do so, but the bulk of them will not go far away. They will go up into the piney woods and rusticate. As for me, I hunted for high ground."

"Well, you are safe here."

"I know that Atlanta has opened her doors to us who have come this far, and we shall not soon forget the kindly welcome we have had here."

THE JEWISH FUND

The contributions made by our Jewish fellow-citizens for the relief fund in New Orleans continues to increase. The list of donors furnished us is as follows:

The Jewish South, $10; Jacob Haas, $10; Levi Rothen, $5; J Rheinstrom, Cincinnati, $5; Elsas, May & Co, $25. Elsas & Adler, $5; J T Kichberg, $2; H Wolfe $1; F Lieberman, $1; M Weilhouse & Son, $3; William Rich, $1, J Hirshberg, $1, J Rosenstein, $1; M Rice & Bro, $3; A Rindskopf, $1, W Tuchstein, $1; J Eisman, $1; H Hanlin, $1; cash $1: cash, $1; Mayer, Son & Co, $5; Wm M Jacobs, $2; Joseph A Magnus, $1. Hirsh Bros, $5; S Hecht, $1; D Kaufman, 50c; D Steinheimer, $1; T Allen, 50c; Jos Adler, 50c; $1; H Furchgott, $2; Steinheimer & Kreisle, $1; Cohen & Seitz, $2; J Aurbach, $1; M Menko & Bro, $1; cash, 25c; G & S Raisohn, $2; cash, $1; M Wineberg, $1; S Kaufman, $2; L Bellheimer, 50c; S Hecht, 50c; M Barwald, $1; D Barwald $1; S Rosenfeld, $2; Jos Fleischer, $2; A Hass & Bro, $5; L Weilman, $5; Chas Michaels, $2; Max Goodman, $1; Sam Wolf, $2; M Frank, cash, $1; Alexander $1; S Lowenstein, 50c; L Lieberman, $1; A M Lewin, $3; A Dessau, $2; Sam Meyer $1; Shindler & Abrams, $; H Rosenbaum, 50c; J Polak, $2. Total, $150 25.

Of the above amount, one hundred dollars was sent to New Orleans last Wednesday; the balance, with the additional collections, will be kept for the yellow fever sufferers, whenever it is most needed. Persons desiring to contribute towards the fund are respectfully invited to forward the amounts—the receipts of which will be duly acknowledged. Send money orders or registered letters to either one of the committee or to the Jewish South.

CALL FROM THE CITIZENS' COMMITTEE.

The committee appointed by the citizens' meeting, held on the 20th inst., in the interest of the sufferers from yellow fever, met at the office of Mayor Angier and organized by electing the following officers: N L Angier, mayor, chairman; B B Crew, treasurer; Amos Fox, secretary.

The committee respectfully request that all contributions for the yellow fever sufferers be left at the following places:

First ward, CONSTITUTION office.
Second ward, Amos FOX, No 11 East Alabama street.
Third ward, Jos Smith, No. 70 McDonough street.
Fourth ward, Tommey, Gregg & Buck.
Fifth ward, Phillip & Crew's and Fuller & Doolittle's.

Citizens are earnestly requested to make such donations as they are able.

N. L. ANGIER, Chairman.
AMOS FOX, Secretary.

THE TERRIBLE RECORD.

Two Hundred Cases in Vicksburg—Negroes Dropping Like Sheep in Grenada—Bateaucoup Filled with Refugees—Forty Deaths in New Orleans—Fumigating the Mails—A Governor Stricken Down—Relief Pouring In.

THE FEVER DISTRICT MAILS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 21.—Some of the mails received in this city to-day, from yellow fever infected districts, show that the senders first subjected them to heat or used some other means as a disinfectant. It is not known to any medical authorities that the disease has ever been communicated through the mails.

THE DEATH LIST.

NEW ORLEANS, August 21.—The death list to-day includes Governor Pascal M. Herndez, of San Luis Potosi, New Mexico; Col. Fred H Strout, J. E Austin, Walter Farrant, Lewis Alcus. The latter died at the bay of St. Louis.

THE NEWS FROM GRENADA.

The Howard association has received the following telegrams:

GRENADA, August 21.—The relief committee sends for twenty nurses. There is no abatement. B. F. ANDERSON.

GRENADA, August 21.—There were seven deaths to-day. The negroes are

DROPPING DOWN LIKE SHEEP,

and will not help one another. There are 92 deaths up to date. W. R. MANDEVILLE, M. D.

AT PORT EADS.

PORT EADS, August 21.—There are 5 new cases since yesterday. No deaths.

ATTACKING THE NEGROES.

GRENADA, August 21.—The fever has attacked full-blooded negroes. Three have died.

FIFTY DEATHS.

NEW ORLEANS, August 21.—One hundred and seven new cases and forty deaths to-day.

CHATTANOOGA FULL.

CHATTANOOGA, August 21.—The hotels are full of refugees from the infected districts.

THE FLIGHT FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW YORK, August 21.—A special dispatch from New Orleans says that Mr. Sheater of the Times was attacked with fever last night. The dispatch says that it is reported that fifty thousand citizens have fled from the city.

A meeting of the citizens of Memphis will be held at St. Nicholas hotel to-day, to organize assistance for those at home.

TWO HUNDRED CASES.

VICKSBURG, August 21.—There were two hundred cases of fever and twelve deaths during the past twenty-four hours. Among the new cases are Dr. Balfour, health officer, and Dr. Robbins.

By authority of Grand Master Murphy, an appeal is made to all Masons to contribute to the relief of the sick and destitute in this city.

SENT TO QUARANTINE.

NEW YORK, August 21.—William Schulz, of Dykeman street, Brooklyn, has been sent to quarantine. He is supposed to have yellow fever.

AN INCREASED DEATH RATE.

MEMPHIS, August 21.—Last night and this morning there was an increase in the number of new cases. Twenty five new cases was reported from 5 P. M. yesterday to noon to day. There is also an increase in the death rate. No part of the city enjoys immunity from the plague.

HOPES DISPELLED.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

MEMPHIS, August 22.—The hopes entertained yesterday from the decrease in the number of new cases and deaths that the fever was abating were dispelled to-day by an increase of over one hundred per cent, both in number of deaths and new cases.

RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—The agents of Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line road here to day received $642 for Grenada and $80 for the Memphis sufferers.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 21.—The board of trade appropriated $300 for the Vicksburg sufferers.

PETERSBURG, VA., August 21.—C. A. Jackson, tobacco manufacturer of this city, sends $200 to New Orleans, and the same amount to the Memphis fever sufferers.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 21.—The live stock dealers of this city contribute $500 to the fever sufferers of New Orleans, Memphis and Grenada. The Hebrews are also contributing. The merchants' exchange deny the existence of fever here.

CHATTANOOGA, August 21.—The Alabama and Great Southern railroad to-day sent $200 to the Vicksburg sufferers, and its officers and employees over $700 additional.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, August 22.—There has been no general effort to raise money for the fever sufferers in the southern cities. The banks have raised and forwarded $640 to Vicksburg, and will send further contributions. St. James church has contributed $160 for Grenada. The real estate men have sent $100. Louis Tapiehs, formerly of New Orleans, has sent $200; Potter Palmer, $300, and the Young Men's Christian association has received and forwarded considerable sums.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

ST. LOUIS, August 22.—Over eight hundred dollars have been subscribed on change to-day for the yellow fever sufferers in the southern states. Other subscriptions will be made and the money forwarded to the various affected points. A vote will be taken next Wednesday on a proposition to donate $2,000 from the funds of the exchange to the same object.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, August 22.—A meeting will be held at the mayor's office to-morrow to raise subscriptions to aid the yellow fever sufferers in the south. George W. Childs and A. J. Drexel each contributed $500.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 22.—In response to an application from the officers of Jours infirmary of New Orleans T. A. Haber to-day telegraphed $1,000 and expects to duplicate the amount to-morrow, St. John's church to-day appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions for the same purpose.

This morning David Ferguson, president of the clearing house, received a telegram from the Howard association, at Vicksburg, asking for aid. Mr. Ferguson telegraphed to draw on him at sight for $500. Subscriptions will soon reach $900, and will be increased to $1,200. The remainder will be sent to Memphis and other cities through the exertions of Edias Friend and David Adler. Two hundred dollars, in addition to the above, have been collected from the Jewish brethren and forwarded to the Hebrew relief association of New Orleans. They have since raised a large amount, which will be sent to other points.

Colonel Billups in Jackson.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Colonel Billups made a stirring speech here last night, and the people are more than pleased with him. Colonel Jimmie Turnbull, of Banks county, replied to Colonel B., but it would not stick worth a bardly.

Jackson county will give Billups a rousing majority, and if Billups will give the independents such a dressing in all of his speeches as he did here last night you can still add thousands to the majority and not be hurt guessing. Hurrah for Billups!

Option Wheat.

MILWAUKEE, August 21.—The case of P. McGeoch against J. B. Oliver & Co., for failure to deliver wheat sold on July option, has been before the board of arbitrators of the chamber of commerce for the past three days. To day the board decided $1 30 to be the market price on July 31st. Oliver & Co. will carry the case before the board of appeals.

A Sad Death.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 21. Ferdinand T. Brewster, dramatic critic of the Daily Alta, and son of ex-Attorney General Brewster, of Pennsylvania, died to-day from injuries received by a collision of a ferry steamer with a wharf boat last Sunday.

Theatrical Grave Notes.

NEW YORK, August 21.—The remains of Montague were interred in Lester Wallack's lot in Greenwood cemetery. The funeral services were held at the "Little Church around the Corner."

NEW YORK, August 21.—Wm. Niblo, the veteran theatrical manager is dead. Aged 89.

Postmaster General Key.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, August 22.—Postmaster General Key and party arrived from Cleveland last night. They leave to-night for a tour through Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa.

THE PENDING CANVASS

MEETING OF THE FOURTH DISTRICT CONVENTION.

Considerable Discord Developed—An Adjournment Until To-Day—A Speech by Butler—Kearney in Chicago—Congressional Nominations.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

COLUMBUS, August 21.—The ball may be said to have opened in earnest. The convention met in the opera house this morning at 11 o'clock. Crowds of spectators were present, and all seemed not only interested, but anxious. The convention was

CALLED TO ORDER

by Judge W B Bait, of Marion, chairman of the democratic executive committee of the district. Mr C W Mabry, of Troup county, was nominated for temporary chairman. This nomination created considerable discussion as to the manner of the organization. Several substitutes were offered by anti-Harris men, but they were all defeated by a vote of

EIGHTEEN TO SIXTEEN.

Mr F G Wilkins, of Muscogee, remarked casually that it seemed that the Harris men were trying to play the eight to seven game. This was followed by vociferous applause. The Harris men thereupon denied the right of Butt to preside temporarily, and some exceedingly sharp repartees were passed on the point between Revill, of Meriwether, and Matthews, of Talbot. After continued skirmishing on both sides, Mabry, of Troup, was elected temporary chairman, and J. O. Christian, of Meriwether, secretary; whereupon the following list of delegates was enrolled:

THE DELEGATES

Meriwether—N C Campbell, W T Bussey, J B Roper, J J Alford, W J Barnes, J L Musslan, J J Tucker, J O Christian, G J Marti, W P Revill, R M Medlin, J L Dixon, G M Underwood, O W McGehee, C W Williams, J O Jones, J A Rowe, C C Owens, W A J Phillips, Nat Teagle, J N Nail.

Coweta—J D Simms, M B Pinson, J E Stallings, A D Freeman.

Douglas—W N Mcdonirk, Wade Price.

Troup—C W Mabry, J T Boykin, B M Moss, R A S Freeman.

Heard—M L Aldman, M Shacklefield.

Harris—W O Wisdom, Clay Farley, Wm West, Thos F Brewster

Muscogee—J M Smith, F G Wilkins, A A Coleman, W A Little, P Hardeman, J B Pallaferro, J C Andrews, L F Garrard, Oliver Poe, Emanuel Rich, W F Williams, E L Bass

Chattahoochee—Jas Whittle, W W Shipp.

Marion—W B Bass, Cottle, Nicholson, Gregg, Brady, Drane, Hogg.

Talbot—A J Harris, Moses W Hollis, A T Candler, Henry McKenney, John R Jordan, John C Maund, J P Little, W H Gorman, P M Wills, B T Cunningham, Henry Martin, R M White, W E Mumford, J W Robins, J F Marshall, W H Kilsaw, Dr Frank Ellison, Dr Hamp Bryan, John Mobley, J H Worrill, J H Mathews.

Campbell—J T Loncino, Bailey.

Carroll—J S Tumlin, J T Talbert, L P Mandeville, J W Adamson.

THE CARROLL DELEGATIONS.

Carroll county sends a second set of delegates appointed at the primary election held on Friday, 16th inst. Their names are as follows:

Oscar Reese, Dr Tom Moore, J N Shelnut, Geo Bonner.

The question as to Carroll's double delegation having been raised, Freeman, of Coweta, moved to seat both. The motion was lost by a vote of sixteen to eighteen. On motion of Freeman, of Troup, a committee consisting of one from each county was appointed to consider the credentials of the contesting delegations from Carroll. A motion to adjourn to three o'clock this afternoon was carried, and the convention took a recess until the hour named. An exceedingly warm session is expected. The fight has began early and both parties are confident. The opposition to Harris is firmly united.

The Afternoon Session.

The convention met at three o'clock, but as the committee appointed to consider the credentials of the contesting delegations from Carroll county was not ready to report, a motion to adjourn to nine o'clock to-morrow morning. The report of this committee is awaited with great anxiety. If the Harris delegation is seated, Harris will have twenty-two votes in the convention. If the two-thirds rule is adopted it will require twenty-five and one-third votes to nominate; but it is expected there will be

A SEVERE TUSSLE

as to the adoption of this rule. Both factions are skillfully managed and both seem confident of success. The wire-pulling and canvassing will progress all night, but to but little purpose. I imagine, save to confirm the opposition of the Harris and anti-Harris men.

SPECULATION IS RIFE.

as to what the final result will be, but your readers will have to form their own conclusions. I can send you facts, but not prophecies. It is conceded on all hands that the contest will be a warm if not bitter, and that is the most I can say. It is not probable that any result will be reached to-morrow, though the balloting will probably begin immediately after

THE SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM

with which Carroll has been proper to vex the convention. Columbus is full of visitors, and the interest in the result is intense. F. H. R.

DOOLY FOR COOK.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

AMERICUS, August 21.—Dooly gives Cook 301; Kibbee 74

A FREE RACE PREDICTED,

By Associated Press.

COLUMBUS, GA., August 21.—The fourth congressional convention met here to-day. A temporary organization only was effected. The convention adjourned to 9 a. m. to-morrow to await the report of the contested county. H. R. Harris, our present congressman, has 18 of the 38 votes and may get twenty-two. The prospect of a free race among the democrats is imminent.

BUTLER'S SPEECH IN NEW HAVEN.

NEW HAVEN, August 21—Butler spoke two hours to seven thousand people last night. He said that the universal voice of the country was that our currency was good enough to pay pensions but was not good enough to pay bondholders and capitalists interest. He favored equality of rights in currency and government.

KEARNEY'S SPEECH.

NEW YORK, August 21. —The Herald's Chicago dispatch says that Kearney's speech last night was a conglomeration of vituperation, bravado and profanity. He was repeatedly urged to tell the crowd about his friend Butler, but spoke quite gingerly about him, and remarked that Butler was no friend of his.

THE COWDEN MEETING.

SARATOGA, August 21.—The Cowden meeting here to-day adopted a resolution declaring that the success of the republican party this fall must depend on its harmony. This cannot be expected if honest differences of opinion as to the policy of the administration or as to the claims of the leading republicans are made

OCCASIONS OF DISCORD

and especially if republican voters are deprived of the right afforded the people by uniform party usage of communicating their views by the authoritative voice of a convention, chosen with express reference to the living issues of the campaign. They therefore respectfully suggest to the republican state committee that it call a state convention of delegates, to be elected by the people according to the usual methods. It was also resolved that a committee of one from each judicial district be appointed by choice to promote the objects of the resolution.

NOMINATIONS.

DETROIT, August 21.—The national greenback party of the first district nominated Jno. Heffron of this city for congress.

ST. LOUIS, August 21.—The democrats of the third congressional district of Missouri nominated Martin L. Clundy.

FORT MONROE, August 21.—Congressman Goode, was unanimously renominated.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

The Turks and Montenegrins Fighting—Peace Prisons People in Stockholm—The Law Reformers in Frankfort—The French Senate.

Turkey.

THEY REFUSE TO GO OUT.

LONDON, August 21.—A Pera correspondent says the Lazis refused to comply with the summons of the Russians to evacuate Batoum.

HOSTILITIES AGAIN.

Cattaro dispatches state that hostilities broke out Tuesday between the Turks and Montenegrins near Podgoritza. A Ragusa telegram says that 5,000 insurgents had been defeated near Scalatz with a heavy loss.

ENTERING BATOUM.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 21.—The Turkish commander at Batoum has informed the inhabitants that the Russians will enter that city August 27th. The municipal government has announced that vessels will arrive to embark any of the inhabitants who do not wish to remain.

Great Britain.

COMPLIANCE URGED.

LONDON, August 21.—The strict and unreserved execution of the provisions of the Berlin treaty is urged upon the porte by the English, French and German ambassadors.

BUTLER AND KEARNEY.

LONDON, August 21.—The Times, in an editorial concerning the Butler and Kearney interview, says it might become a serious danger to the republic if it were possible for the discontented, ignorant masses, who have attached themselves to it, to pool their issues and combine against capital.

France.

CHRISTIANA'S ILLNESS.

HAVRE, Aug. 21.—Queen Christiana, of Spain, is worse; no hope.

A REPUBLICAN MAJORITY.

PARIS, August 21.—The election of presidents and of council, general is believed to indicate that the senatorial elections will result in the establishment of the republican majority in the senate. The monarchists and Bonapartists are discordant. The Orleanists in several departments voted with the republicans.

THE COMMERCIAL TREATIES

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

PARIS, August 22.—The congress of commerce and industry to-day adopted a resolution urging that the treaties of commerce be concluded between all the nations upon a basis of liberal reciprocity.

The Opinione Nationale says that although the government has left the task of raising the question of a Franco-American treaty of commerce to a private initiative, it will take up the matter when the proper moment arrives.

Germany.

PRINCE HOHENLOHE ELECTED.

MUNICH, August 21.—Prince Hohenlohe, German ambassador to Paris, has been re-elected to the reichstag on a second ballot in Forchheim.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

LONDON, August 21.—A special to the Pall Mall Gazette, from Berlin, says that the negotiations between Germany and China for the abolition of tekin taxes have been broken off. The Chinese government has disavowed the concessions it previously made. Bismarck is endeavoring to bring about a joint action of the powers on this question and especially solicits the support of England.

THE TURKISH NOTE.

BERLIN, August 21.—The North German Gazette says it is alleged that the Turkish note, protesting against Greek claims, has not yet been communicated to the German, nor probably to any of the powers. The powers consequently have not yet received such proof of failure of direct negotiations between Turkey and Greece as will necessitate their mediation.

THE LAW REFORMERS.

FRANKFORT, August 21.—The congress for the reform of the international law has adopted a resolution favoring the freedom of the Suez canal and similar works in time of war.

Mr. Peabody made a speech expressing his approval of the new international relations promoted in London by the Chinese and Japanese ministers.

Sweden.

THE PRISON PHILANTHROPISTS.

STOCKHOLM, August 21.—The international congress for the prevention and repression of crime, including penal and reformatory treatment, assembled to-day. M. Von Bjornstjerna, Swedish minister of foreign affairs, was elected president, and E. C. Wines, of the United States, honorary president.

Bosnia.

THE AUSTRIANS AGAIN ATTACKED.

VIENNA, August 21.—It is reported that the insurgents have again attacked General Szapary at Doboy, but were repulsed.

Cuba.

LIBERTY OF SPEECH IN CUBA.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

HAVANA, August 21.—The captain general has issued a circular directing the governors of the provinces to allow in all parts of the island meetings of persons for educational purposes with the liberty of speech, but prohibiting attacks upon the integrity of the nation and allowing newspapers ample liberty of discussion upon all subjects.

Afghanistan.

DEATH OF THE HEIR APPARENT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

BOMBAY, August 22.—The heir apparent of Affghanistan is dead.

THE LAWYERS' ASSOCIATION.

General A. H. Lawton, of Georgia, Among the Number Present.

SARATOGA, August 21.—A large number of lawyers from all parts of the union met in the townhall this morning in response to a call signed by B. H. Bristow, William Evarts, J. K Porter, Lyman Trumbull, George Hoadley, Stanley Matthews, Harry Hitchcock, Carlton Hunt, of Louisiana, Richard D Hubbard, Alex. R. Lawton, and others, to consult as to organising

A NATIONAL BAR ASSOCIATION.

Roger Averill, of Connecticut, called the meeting to order and John H. B. Latrobe, of Baltimore, was called to preside. Francis Rowle, of Philadelphia and J. G. Thompson, of Albany, were elected secretaries. Simon E Baldwin, of Connecticut, stated that the origin of the call, was at Saratoga during a meeting of the Social Science association last September. Circulars had been sent to the leading lawyers in several states and the intention was to confine the organization to such as had circulars, with a view to keeping out disreputable parties. A resolution to call on the persons present to register, and these only, was adopted. The states were called and the lawyers registered.

The Labor Committee.

NEW YORK, August 21.—The congressional labor committee resumed its session in this city.

AGRICULTURAL.

THE FIELD, THE FARM, THE GARDEN.

Turnips—Flowers—Cattle—Oats—Father's Way—Rural Brevities—Who So Free?—Variety of Crops—Sheep Culture—Wintering a Cow—Do not Like It—Winter is Coming—Clover Lot in Wheat—Stay in the Country—To Benefit our Agriculture—Situation for a Garden—Donation of Garden Crops—Make Your Own Fertilizers—Roses for Winter Flowering.

MAKE YOUR OWN FERTILIZERS.

Hon. Levi Stockbridge, professor of agriculture of the Massachusetts agricultural college, publishes the following formulas, by means of which the farmer may compound his own fertilizers and not pay out money to others to prepare them for him:

To produce 50 bushels of corn more than the natural product to the acre, use:

Nitrogen 64 pounds, in the form of sulphate of ammonia;

Potash, 77 pounds, in the form of muriate of potash;

Phosphoric acid, 31 pounds, in the form of muriate of super-phosphate.

To grow one ton of hay to the acre more than the natural product, use:

Nitrogen, 36 pounds, in the form of sulphate of ammonia;

Potash, 31 pounds, in the form of muriate of potash;

Phosphoric acid, 13 pounds, in the form of super phosphate.

To produce 100 bushels of potatoes per acre and the usual proportion of tops more than the natural proportion of the land, and other quantities proportionally, use:

Nitrogen, 21 pounds, in the form of sulphate of ammonia;

Potash, 34 pounds, in the form of sulphate of potash;

Phosphoric acid, 11 pounds, in the form of superphosphate.

To produce 25 bushels of oats and the usual proportion of straw per acre more than the natural product of the soil, and in proportion for other quantities, use:

Nitrogen, 21 pounds, in the form of sulphate of ammonia;

Potash, 31 pounds, in the form of muriate of potash;

Phosphoric acid, 8 pounds, in the form of super-phosphate

To produce 1,500 pounds of dried leaf tobacco, with the usual proportion of stalk more than the natural product per acre of land, use:

Nitrogen, 149 pounds, in the form of sulphate of ammonia;

Potash, 172 pounds, in the form of sulphate of potash;

Phosphoric acid, 16 pounds, in the form of sulphate of potash;

Lime, 165 pounds, in the form of sulphate of lime (lime plaster).

These mixtures should be sown over the land broadcast when the ground is well prepared, before planting and not put in the hills, so that the roots may seek the food and not concentrate and thereby cause the plants "to burn up."

CATTLE.

In selecting cattle, the smaller the bones, the truer will be the make of the animal, the quicker it will fatten, and the weight will have a larger proportion of valuable meat. If you raise cattle for the butcher, he wants flesh, not bone, if you raise cattle for work on the farm, you want strength, not size.

WHO SO FREE.

There is no man who could and should be so independent as the farmer. His calling is calculated to bring out his good traits. He does not have to pander to others; make his bread out of his neighbor; make a mark on them, and sweat it out of them with compound interest. He can do a favor or kindness without expecting a return. He has no occasion to deal in duplicity of any kind. To society he gives his best support. So me silly people laugh at the farmer, but e a lord of nature, can well afford to laugh back.

DO NOT LIKE IT.

I do not like the country in autumn, remarked a gentleman in the office on yesterday. It is true that at this season of the year we can not see opening buds unfolding to the sun; and instead of the gorgeousness of summer, we have withered flowers, emblems of decay, scattered over the fields. The wild rose which buried her blushed head in modesty, cannot then be seen, and we seek in vain for the lily's dew-gemmed chalice. We cannot catch the violet's balmy fragrance, or hear the dreamy music of the humming bee. Ever the lingering birds catch a sadder strain, and the gentle wind whispers low of bowers no longer beautiful. Yes autumn has her charms in the country. She robes the trees in glorious livery, and hangs a veil of golden mist on every side. She brings a bounteous offering of luscious fruits, her full harvest moon shines on fields of grain and cotton which bless the toiling farmer.

SITUATION FOR A GARDEN.

JACKSON COUNTY, August 17.

Agricultural Editor Constitution: I am preparing to go live on a farm, and wish to have a garden. Please tell me the most suitable situation for one. P.

In locating your garden, a gentle inclination towards the east or southeast will give you all the advantages of the morning sun, and also the early maturity of vegetables. A northwestern exposure is, perhaps, better than a northeastern aspect. Chilly winds and storms come from the latter, and while the former is cold it makes a late garden, the danger from late and early frosts is not so great. If the ground slopes, it is best to have it slope in more than one direction, as it would then be adapted to both late and early crops. The surface should be smooth and level. The interference of the garden should be diminished by the proximity of large trees, which are injurious by their drip, to all plants beneath them, and by their shade and extended roots, for some distance. The soil should be of a healthy quality, mellow, dry and capable of being worked with a spade. A pliable, loamy soil is best. A very light, sandy or stiff, clayey soil does not answer as well. If a variety of plants are to be cultivated, it is desirable to have both sand and clay soils. The best soil for general purposes is a loam of medium texture, arising from a suitable admixture of the two. Any soil with a judicious culture, drainage and manures can be converted into such a loam in making your garden, you should proportionate it to the size of your family, and the partiality for its different products. A small garden well manured and cultivated, with a suitable rotation of crops, will yield more profit than an ordinary one of three times its size.

FATHER'S WAY.

During the past few years quite a revolution has been going on in farming; one too that will result in producing lasting and beneficial effects to our farming lands. Farmers think and communicate their thoughts to each other more than ever. In regard to planting, pretty much all crops now, very little is left unquestioned. Father's way, the ancient landmark has almost ceased to be respected for its antiquity. Its foundation is scrutinized. It is not enough now, of father's plan or custom, that it was always so, or that it was founded and maintained by his wisdom. Farmers begin to feel the truth of the maxim, that the respect which is due to wisdom is not due from a generation to its predecessors. We live in the old age as it were of the world, so we have had more experience than the farmers who have gone before us and claim the right to refudge their judgments, and to criticise and reform their agriculture. And this claim, when properly exercised, will produce benefits.

Also book farming is no longer sneered at, for it has not done. Present farming in a definite form to the common judgment of all, and is being subjected to a new test of its truth and value.

SHEEP CULTURE.

We deem it of such importance to our farmers that we think it unnecessary to apologize for writing so often to sheep husbandry. Many of our readers would be surprised if they knew how this industry was growing in the state. When we view the ease and economy and certainty of returns from sheep growing, we cannot see why a greater number do not keep sheep. Our climate and soil are well adapted to it. The expense is light and the trouble is not great. There is a market all over Georgia for wool, lamb and mutton, and the ways to market very accessible. Sheep are summer one fertilizers of the soil, no animal more profitable in that respect. They are excellent for destroying the weeds and undergrowth of timber pastures. In fact, there are many material advantages which surround sheep husbandry.

One mistake some of our farmers make in regard to sheep, and that is, that they will prosper and be profitable without care or looking after. Now if you engage in the business and wish it to be a success, our advice is, give your sheep liberal treatment; do not put them off on a short supply of food; do not permit them to run all over the country to be killed by dogs, and when winter comes on, do not leave them ex

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS NO FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per seven words each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotype or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

WANTED—A situation to teach Music, by a young lady of some experience. Would teach Music in private families also, English branches and Latin. Best references given. Address Miss J. M. T., Cloverdale, Ga.
(00 aug22...2t thur sat

BOOK-KEEPER wishes an engagement; is thoroughly competent; speaks French. Address L. S. D., office of this paper.
397 aug22...d7t

WANTED—A second hand Cider Mill, in good order. Also, a Plantation Bell. State price. Address J. R. Barr, Post Office.
404 aug22...d2t thu sun

WANTED—Agents to canvass counties in Georgia and South Carolina, with the Lightning Platter. Enquire at 30½ Whitehall.
399 au 22 -d1t

WANTED—AGENTS—Lady and gentlemen canvassers in every city and county throughout the South to sell the Excelsior Platters. It is the best selling Patent in the market and energetic workers can earn from $3 to $10 per day. Address Hechhe mer, Schweizer & Co., Atlanta, Ga. 433 aug22...d1w

WANTED—A Wet Nurse, (colored.) Apply at once at No. 158 Peachtree street.
331 aug18...d1w

WANTED—Agents to canvass for the sale of the celebrated Genuine Singer Sewing Machine—"The World's Favorite." Applicants must be men of good character and come well recommended for habits of industry and perseverance. To such as can meet these requirements and furnish Horse and Harness (we furnish Wagon) a liberal commission will be paid. Address or apply to The Singer Manufacturing Company, 42 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.
296 aug17...d1w

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—My Residence, furnished or unfurnished, 179 Washington street, two stories, eight rooms. Also, my Farm, 16 acres, 2½ miles from car shed. Terms liberal. B. J. Semmes, Law office James' Block.
318 aug18...d1w

FOR SALE.

1,000,000 BRICK FOR SALE. Press Brick the Best. For sale cheap. W. W. McAfee 321 aug18...d1m

FOR SALE—5 Horse Power Engine. In splendid working trim. Good as new. Cost $600, $300 will buy it. Also, a No. 1 Paper Cutter, old style, in good order; $75 cash will buy it. Also, Huggies Plow Paper Cutter. Splendid Machine, $25 will buy it. Apply to Jas. P. Harrison & Co., Atlanta, Ga. 253 aug18...d1f

FOR IRON FENCING, STEAM ENGINES etc., go to E Van Winkle, 16 Foundry street Atlanta, Ga. 116 may7...d1f tues fri sun

MISCELLANEOUS.

SELLING BELOW COST—As I wish to change my business will sell, until further notice, at less than actual wholesale cost the largest and most select stock of White Pine Doors, Sash, Blinds, &c., ever offered in Georgia. Send for price list. Orders with the cash promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed. W. G. Ashley, 33 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
19 July3...d1f

The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1878.

MR. STEPHENS says that Colonel Billups is as good a man as there is in the state.

THE Grant family are well equipped. Ulysses is the man on on horseback and Orvil's tongue is a waggin'.

THE greenback doctrine of Voorhees and Thurman is good enough for us. We don't desire to test Citizen Pittman's government assignat theories. There is enough poverty and misery in the land already.

MR. STEPHENS, who has been loudly praised by the independents recently, says that Colonel Billups is the man the people of the ninth district should support. They are pretty sure to follow Mr. Stephens's advice.

THE consummate ability with which Smithy Clayton slings Speer's dirty shirt in the air shows that he is an expert in the business. The incineration of Smithy's poetically inclined gizzard seems to have no perceptible effect on the canvass.

A GENTLEMAN who has travelled over many of the counties of the ninth district is of the opinion that Speer will be badly beaten. The prospects are that he will not even get a majority of the voters in Gainesville, which has been considered his stronghold.

IT is perhaps no great harm for Dr. Felton to skip down from his pulpit on Sundays and go electioneering around among his congregation, but it is undoubtedly not worse for a judge to consent to become a candidate for congress. Indeed, nine men out of ten would prefer to be the judge.

THE interest that has been awakened in the Atlanta fair all over the country is something astonishing. The secretary has about as much as he can attend to to read the piles of letters that pour in by every mail. The turf display will be something unprecedented in Georgia.

COLONEL GEORGE MCKINNEY, colored, is about to organize what will probably be known as the greenback party. That George is a financial communist is beyond all question, for he styles the commission of which he is chairman a "commeatt." This is felicitous, to say the least.

MR. HAYES has not yet contributed to the republican campaign fund. This is very naughty of Mr. Hayes. Under the circumstances, how can "a prominent Georgia democrat" hope to succeed in his strenuous efforts to start an independent organ in this city? There is always some obstacle in the path of the true patriot.

SMITHY CLAYTON, of the Athens Anti-Washerman, seems disposed to feel aggrieved because Tinney Rucker is Colonel Billups's nephew. We have no doubt, however, that Rucker is proud of the fact. He will have an uncle in the next congress and thus, in some sort, be related to the government.

SMITHY CLAYTON, (whose heart, it will be remembered is a smouldering heap of ashes) says it must be understood that Speer "is running as a democrat in the democratic party." It follows, therefore, that a man who is walking on a railroad is really riding in the cars. Smithy's logic has apparently been charred by the same conflagration that consumed his gizzard.

THE financial communists who train with Citizen Pittman, propose to go even further than the deluded French financiers who inaugurated the assignat system. They propose to turn loose upon the country two thousand millions of irredeemable paper currency. Did France ever have such a volume of assignats afloat at one time?

THE postal card fiend in the seventh district is slow to anger, but when he does shake himself loose from the thralls of slumber, he means business. The only objections we have to the postal card fiend of the s. d. are that he is too persistently anonymous, and has no adequate acquaintance with the English tongue. Nevertheless, we are always glad to hear from him.

WE stated, paragraphically, yesterday that there was a rumor prevalent to the effect that Jim Turnbull, of Banks, had deserted the independents. We learn that this rumor is premature. Turnbull is still an untamed independent, and has taken the stump for Speer. It will be remembered by those who know the late member from Banks that he always would have his joke. In this instance, we are glad it is at the expense of Citizen Speer.

OUR esteemed contemporary of the Augusta Chronicle ventures to suggest that General Toombs, in his recent interview with a CONSTITUTION reporter, spoke only of himself. Our esteemed contemporary has not gone astray in this. It was the understanding of the reporter that General Toombs talked for himself, and this opinion was based upon a tolerably intimate acquaintance with General Toomba's methods of thought and conversation.

MAYOR ANGIER says the streets of Atlanta are cleaner than he ever knew them to be. This may be the case. They may be cleaner than our excellent mayor ever knew them to be, but they are filthy, nevertheless. They still need cleaning. The whole city needs cleaning. Its sanitary condition might be worse, but it is still bad. If it is not improved upon and that right speedily, the city council may be accused of deliberately inviting disease to seize our citizens. Because the streets are cleaner than the mayor ever knew them to be, it does not follow that they are as clean as they ought to be.

OUR TRADE ISSUE.

The space in our trade paper is filling up more rapidly than we had anticipated, and the peculiar features of that issue are assuming much larger proportions than our estimates provided for. We can therefore confidently assure the public that the issue will, in every respect, be a notable one. The business history of Atlanta will be accurately and graphically written up, and the favors of those who desire to take advantage of the extra attractions and circulation of the edition will be adequately displayed. Those who want choice of position should lose no time in consulting the business office.

ENVIOUS INDEPENDENTS.

Colonel Marcellus Thornton has a well defined suspicion that the person who attacked him in the New York Tribune, and "a prominent Georgia democrat" are identical. We do not know as to this, but we are pleased to observe, in this connection, that the attacks upon Colonel Thornton are growing more and more infrequent. The independents that are open to criticism are those who have stolen Colonel Thornton's thunder and are now endeavoring to wear the laurels won by him in his various campaigns, in Georgia. That the other independents are envious of Colonel Thornton is shown by the fact that they utterly refuse to recognize his claims as the leader of the movement in the south. As far as our observation has extended, neither Dr. Felton nor Mr. Speer has given the colonel the credit that is justly his due. This is a very bad sign. It not only shows that they are jealous and envious, but it shows that they have no inherent strength of their own.

THE SITUATION AT GRENADA.

We appeal, in behalf of Grenada, to our readers, who live in homes overshadowed by mountain ranges that keep at a safe distance the dreadful scourge. Help the poor little Mississippi city. No pen can picture the situation at Grenada. As one correspondent says, it is simply horrible. Everybody is dying. Not a single case has recovered or promises recovery. Even the nurses that have withstood many epidemics, are dying. The disease baffles all remedies, being of a more malignant type than ever before known in this country. Let us not stop to inquire why this is so, but let us who are securely sheltered by a merciful Providence, help the stricken people of Grenada. Food is needed, and five hundred dollars a day for necessary cash expenses. It can not be that the people of Georgia will let the noble Howards go on without help to the point of suffering. THE CONSTITUTION will receive and daily remit all contributions entrusted to its care. We solicit contributions from all parts of the state, no matter of how small amounts. Free and prompt gifts will be especially welcomed.

HON. SINGLETON G. HOWELL.

We regret to chronicle the fact that Hon. Singleton G. Howell, a brother of Judge Clark Howell, died near Duluth, in Gwinnett county, yesterday morning. He was first attacked with inflammation of the bowels, but the disease assumed a typhoid form and unfortunately proved fatal. Judge Howell was a prominent man and a citizen of great influence. He was born in Gwinnett county on the 12th of June, 1823, and was the youngest son of Evan Howell who was one of the pioneer settlers o Gwinnett. For a time, Judge Howell was a citizen of Atlanta, and was chosen judge of the superior court of DeKalb before the county of Fulton was made. He was a man of firm convictions and unyielding purpose, and always took a deep interest in politics. He was never an office-seeker, however, but lent his time and his energies to the promotion of the principles he believed to be correct. On the day that he was fifty-two years old, he was elected a member of the constitutional convention, where his strong common sense and earnestness gave him large influence. Judge Howell will be buried at the family burial ground to-day at three o'clock p. m.

EDITORIAL INJUDICIOUSNESS.

The Gainesville North Georgian is sometimes injudicious. In the last issue the editor proclaims to the world, including Smithy Clayton, and the other independents, that Col. Billups was neatly dressed when he made his Gainesville speech. Not content with this, the North Georgian gives the horrible details of the affair. Colonel Billups was not only neatly dressed, but wore a spotless white shirt and cravat, and had a pair of gold-rimmed spectacles. This is furnishing ammunition to the enemy. Citizen Speer will seize these facts and fan the communists of the ninth district (if there are any in that section) into a perfect frenzy of enthusiasm, and Smithy Clayton (whose heart has succumbed to combustion) will make it the text of some terrific editorial essays.

TOMMY ROBB.

It is hinted that T. P. Robb will be a candidate for congress in the third Illinois district. Tommy is well known in Georgia, as one of the most unctuous carpet-bag politicians that ever held office in the south. For a series of sad years he was collector of customs at Savannah, and the peculiar style in which he administered the duties of his office kept him continually in hot water in Washington, and brought upon him the contempt of the people of Savannah. He was an enterprising politician, however, and he made matters lively in the first district by organizing what came to be known as the custom-house ring, which, while the republican organization was kept up, was very powerful and very corrupt. Robb had his day, however, and when the carpet-bag era come to a sudden and inglorious close, he sought greener fields and fresher pastures. Recently he was a member of the Mexican border commission, and now, after freely predicting a war with the greasers, proposes to run for congress. As a carpet-bag politician, Robb was moderately successful, but it remains to be seen how successful he will be among the unhappy republicans of the third Illinois district.

HOW TO HAVE A CLEAN CITY.

The city authorities cannot unaided give us a clean city. Theeir work must be supplemented by the efforts of individual lot owners. The filth that breeds disease is chiefly created on private premises, and it is the duty of housekeepers and storekeepers to put their premises in perfect sanitary order. This requires a daily surveillance on the part of the master or mistress of the premises; for cleanliness on an inhabited lot can only be secured by sweeping it, front and rear, every day. The negligent must be made to do their duty. A man has no more right to poison the air that his neighbor breathes than he has to poison the coffee that he drinks. One is as much a crime as the other. And it is the duty of the police to seek out all air-contaminators. They cannot be too sharply apprehended or severely punished. But a force of thirty policemen can not find all the stinks and nuisances that are created in a city of 40,000 people, and their efforts should be supplemented by private complaints. Let every citizen consider it his clear and solemn duty to report to the chairman of the board of health every offensive smell, every nuisance, that he knows of. This much is due the public. And there need be no fear that any such report will be useless, if made to Dr. A. J. Pinson, chairman of the board of health, who is one of the best officers the city has ever had. He is alert when others are negligent. When his orders are not obeyed he carries the matter directly to the council, and places the responsibility where it belongs. Let complaints pour in upon him until every part of the city is in good order.

FIATISM IN FRANCE.

The fiatists of America are not advocating a plan of their own devising. The blue-ribbon lunatics of the French revolution are entitled to the honors so to speak, of originating fiat currency. They tried it with a vengeance. They were just the right kind of fellows to turn to such an absurd scheme for relief. They began the business by putting out $80,000 000 of assignats, based upon the church and crown property that they had confiscated. As their necessities became more pressing they issued more assignats. In the course of two years the volume of this ready-made fiat money has increased to $755,200,000. Its purchasing power fell, of course, in corresponding proportion, and an effort was made in 1794 to reduce the amount in circulation; but the urgent needs of the government induced the assembly to soon order the presses set in motion again. This went on until over $1,300,000,000 of absolute money was put in circulation. What were the effects? The assignats went down and down until they were only worth the thirty thousandth part of their nominal value. Long before the end was reached bankruptcy and bread riots became the chief events of the day. Hackney coachmen increased their fares until they charged six thousand livres; bread was sold at $4 50 a pound. In 1796, the assignats became valueless, and mandates were issued, exchangeable directly for land, at the will of the holders, on demand. In a few months the mandates were as valueless as the assignats, and on the 16th of July, 1797, the whole system was demolished with a blow. This ended the first and last trial in the civilized world of fiat money—of a currency issued regardless of the wants of trade.

These assignats were legal-tenders of the strongest kind. They were flats with the penitentiary in the background. On the 11th of April, 1793, the convention decreed six years' imprisonment in chains to any one who bought or sold assignats for any sum in specie different from their nominal value, or made any difference between money price and a paper price in payment of goods. This penalty was afterwards increased to twenty years. The penalty of withholding from circulation "articles of first necessity" was death. Then again the French assignats were based on immense seizures of landed property—property that had been worth all that the assignats called for. The security was ample, and if there had been no issue beyond the wants of trade, there would have been no depreciation in the purchasing power of the currency—at least, not until after the fall of Robespierre.

The proposed American fiat money would lack both the penalties attached to the French money and its abundant security. If the French scheme should have been originated in a lunatic asylum, as the world now generally holds, where for goodness' sake should Citizen Pittman's scheme have been originated? For he proposes to issue three times as much money as the requirements of business demand, with no security back of it except the declaration of the government, and with none of the terrible fiat that a reign of terror made possible in the case of the assignats? Of the two projects, the French was altogether the saner and the more promising. If Citizen Pittman will take down his volume of Alison and read therefrom the history of French fiatism, he will, we are sure, take back all he has ever said in favor of fiat money in America.

The North Georgia Fair.
Sparta Times and Planter.

While in Atlanta this week we were in B. W. Wrenn's office, who is secretary of the North Georgia fair, and our judgment is that he is bound to make a success of it, for he is using printer's ink, energy and perseverance in a way that is sure to tell. He and his assistant are busy as they can be, corresponding and sending out premium-lists and circulars, etc., from early morning till 12 o'clock at night. Two military companies from New York and one from Boston have already informed him that they will attend, and he expects several others from the north. This will be an interesting feature of the fair, for these crack New York and Boston companies will make a show worth seeing. There is one thing certain, if any man can make it a success, B. W. Wrenn can, for he knows what not one out of every fifty of our best business men do not, that is, how to advertise. And from what we have seen in his office, and from what we know of him, we look for it to be one of the grandest fairs that has ever been held in Georgia.

Hampton and the Vice-Presidency.
Charleston News and Courier.

No candidate from the south for vice-president would have, at this time, as much strength as Governor Hampton. We do not think that it will be to his interest to become a candidate, and we are sure that he can do the state and the democratic party better service in the United States senate, during the canvassing of the electoral vote in 1881, than he can render in any other capacity whatever. We prefer, however, to re-elect Governor Hampton in South Carolina, before talking of shelving him by pressing him as a candidate before the convention of 1880, unless it be understood that he take the United States senatorship in passing.

Wickedness Abounds.
Gainesville North Georgian.

From one to two columns of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION are daily devoted to telegraphic news of the crimes and casualties of the country. Almost every conceivable crime is reported, and the list is sometimes truly horrible. Murder, suicide, arson, robbery and numerous other most heinous offenses are of daily occurrence. Surely, wickedness abounds in all parts of our land, and there would seem to be very little ground for our proud boast of morality and civilization. We are glad to notice that the large majority of the reported crimes are at the north, and that our southern country is not as yet contaminated with this wicked spirit. We trust it may never be so.

Real Independence.
Gainesville North Georgian.

In referring to Speer's being an independent, Col. Billups wanted to know of what was he independent? If he was independent of the time-honored principles and custom of the democracy, then he thanked his Maker he was not so, for it only argued that he was abjectly dependent on the radicals and disorganizers; but if he meant that he was independent of rings, cliques, pledges and promises, then no man, not even Mr. Speer, was more independent than he, because he had never, by implication or intimation asked any man to vote for his nomination, or made any promise about it one way or another.

The Millennium of "Unlimited Issue."
Findlay Jeffersonian.

Suppose the national millennium of "unlimited issue" sets in, how is it going to "make times better?" How are you to get the "unlimited issue" unless you work for it or buy it with some equivalent? If it is to be worth anything, the government will not give it to you. And if it is to be worth nothing, it wouldn't do you good if you had millions of it. Take 0 from 0 and 0 remains. If you want money you will have to work for it.

The Commune in the South.
Macon Telegraph.

Northward, the so-called greenbackers seem to have conceived the idea that government should issue greenbacks like the leaves of the forest—then carry on all the private business of the country—employ everybody at high wages and throw in beer, tobacco and whisky gratis. But the south takes no stock in the commune.

A Good Joke on the Organs.
Springfield Republican, rep.

The newspapers, without regard to party, are congratulating Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, on his re-nomination. The old man has utterly routed the Bourbons and brilliantly vindicated his independence before the country

Can't Sustain Repudiation.
Griffin News.

Judge Dan. Pittman in a letter in THE CONSTITUTION of Tuesday, seems to advocate a partial repudiation of the national debt. This is a new plank in the greenback platform and one the people of the fifth congressional district cannot stand on.

Speaks for Himself.
Augusta Chronicle.

General Toombs always talks entertainingly, but it should be borne in mind that he speaks only for himself, when he says that the election in 1870 was carried by "bribery and intimidation."

Exceedingly Pertinent.
New York World.

Mr. Hayes believes the intelligence of the country ought to run it. Then, why doesn't Mr. Hayes resign?

The Thornton-Reid Emeute.
Griffin News.

Col. Thornton will doubtless leave for New York at once, with pistols and coffee for two.

This is not a Presidential Year.
Baltimore Gazette.

It is entirely too early for Mr. Blaine to commence falling out of carriages.

A Healthy Body and a Clear Head.

If indigestion, constipation and biliousness torment the body, the head cannot be clear. These disorders react upon the brain most hurtfully and produce a cloudiness in the organs of thought not experienced by a healthy man. Happily these brain-oppressing maladies may be entirely dispelled by that peerless alterative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which cheers, refreshes and invigorates the brain and nerves, while it regulates the organs of digestion, assimilation and bilious secretion. It expels the morbid humors which poison the system through the bowels and urinary passages, and exerts powerfully invigorating influence as well. Its cathartic action is never irritating, violent or painful, but even, natural and progressive. As an appetizer and sleep promoter the Bitter is unrivalled; it mitigates the infirmities of age, relieves the ailments peculiar to the gentler sex arrests premature decay, and builds up an enfeebled physique.
aug30...d3t tu s thur sat 4wkyaug30

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros. "*Seal of North Carolina*," at the same price ?"
19 feb3...deodlyr sat tues thur.

Amusements.

CONCORDIA ASSOCIATION!

Thursday Evening, Aug. 29th, 1878.

Grand Dramatic Entertainment

IN AID OF THE

Yellow Fever Sufferers

at New Orleans and other infected cities,

On which occasion an extraordinary bill of

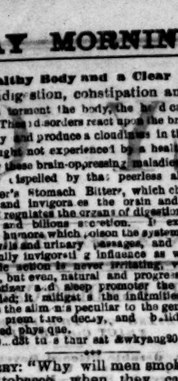
Attractions Will be Offered.

Full particulars will be published in next Sunday's issue.

Tickets 50 Cents.

To be had from members of the Association and at the door on the evening of performance.
007 aug22...d3t thur fri sat

Old Folks' Concert.



AT THE OPERA HOUSE! THURSDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 22, 1878.

O hear ye! hear ye! one and all,
It's just as true as 'tis funny;
Go Thursday night, to Concert Hall,
And get the worth of your money.

Forty men and women singers
Will be there upon the rostrum;
Some adept, and some beginners,
And all dressed in ancient costume.

The songs are of the olden time,
And they will please every one,
As in the days of Auld Lang Syne,
And of General Washington.

It surely is a splendid thing
To hear and see the olden style;
And when they all stand up and sing,
If you don't laugh, I know you'll smile.

Hear ye! Hear ye! Come one, come all!
Come, come, let every seat be filled
On Thursday night, at Opera House,
And help a sister church to build.

Come one and all, give them a lift,
Then on them you will have a claim;
When you want he p, they will assist,
And more than pay it back again.

314 aug18...4t

New Advertisements.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on 19 h day of August, A. D., 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Abel W. Crawford, of near Calhoun, county of Gordon and State of Georgia, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, and that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove his debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Atlanta, Ga., before Lawson Black, Esquire, Register, on the 4th day of September, A. D., 1878, at 10 o'clock a. m.
O. P. FITZSIMONS,
United States Marshal, as Messenger.
398 aug22...d1t

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 21st day of August, A. D., 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Meador Brother, of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, who have been adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition, and that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupts, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Atlanta, Georgia, before Lawson Black, Esquire, Register, on the seventh day of September, A. D., 1878, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
O. P. FITZSIMONS,
United States Marshal, as Messenger.
406 aug23—d1t

FURNITURE!
FURNITURE!
FURNITURE!

I HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 85 Whitehall and 92 Broad Street.

HAVE a large and fine stock of "new style" Chamber and Parlor suits. Also, a good assortment of all kinds of Furniture. Manufacture. CHEAP FOR CASH!

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. Satisfaction guaranteed and goods promptly delivered.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

85 Whitehall and 92 Broad,

Between Hunter and Mitchell Streets.
400 aug22...d1w JOHN D. STOCKER.

Internal Revenue Seizure.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 2D DIST. GA.
Atlanta, August 21, 1878.

NOTICE is hereby given of the following seizure made by me for violation of the United States Internal Revenue Laws;

One half barrel of brandy, the property of Jackson Fallen.

Two copper stills, two caps and two worms, three barrels and three half barrels of brandy, the property of James Justice.

One copper still, cap and worm four mules, two wagons, and two barrels of brandy, the property of Andrew J. Pew.

Any person or persons having any interest in said property must make claim and give bond as required by law, within thirty days, else they will be sold and the net proceeds deposited to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States.

ANDREW CLARK, Collector
000 aug22...d1t&-3t

. BOHNEFELD, Undertaker,

Keeps constantly on hand the latest styles of

Metallic Cases, Caskets and Wood Coffins and Caskets.

Will attend to Funerals in all its Details, furnishing Hearse and Carriages at prices to suit all customers. Telegram orders promptly attended to, day or night. 37 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. 362 july23,1878...dly

Notice to Debtors and Creditors,

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Carrie A. Taylor, late of Atlanta, deceased, will please call at once and pay; those having claims against said estate will please present them for payment, properly proven in terms of the law.
August 7, 1878. F. M. COKER,
F. H. ORME,
Executors Carrie A. Taylor, dece sed.
141 aug8...d1w6w thur

The Linen Store

WILL REMOVE

On September 1st,

— TO —

No. 49 Whitehall Street,

Next door to Ely Lawshe's.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS will be offered to reduce our stock before removal. All goods in the Retail Department will be sold at wholesale prices until September 1st.

A trial will satisfy the public that this is no bogus advertisement.
417 july28...d1m WM. ERSKINE & CO.

Relief for the Afflicted

Dr. M. W. CASE'S Liver Remedy AND BLOOD PURIFIER

Tonic and Cordial.

This is not a patent medicine, but is prepared under the direction of Dr. M. W. Case, from his favorite prescription, which in an extensive practice of over twenty-seven years he has found most effective in all cases of disordered liver or impure blood. It is

ANTI-BILIOUS.

It acts directly upon the liver, restoring it when diseased to its normal condition; and in regulating the activity of this great gland every other organ of the system is benefited. In Blood Diseases it has no equal as a purifier. It improves digestion, and assists nature to eliminate all impurities from the system; and while it is the cheapest medicine in the market, it is also superior to all known remedies. While it is more effectual than Blue Mass, it is mild and perfectly safe, containing nothing that can in the slightest degree injure the system. It does not sicken or give pain; neither does it weaken the patient, nor leave the system constipated, as do most other medicines.

It Cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Bilious Fever, Headache, Sick Headache, Water-Brash, Heartburn, Sick Stomach, Jaundice, Colic, Vertigo, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Female Irregularities and Weakness, all Skin and Blood Diseases, Worms, Fever and Ague, and Constipation of the Bowels.

In small doses it is also a sure cure for Chronic Diarrhœa.

Taken two or three times a day, it prevents Yellow Fever, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Cholera, and Small-Pox.

HOW TO BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR

Use Dr. Case's Liver Remedy and Blood Purifier, a pleasant Tonic and Cordial. ANTI-BILIOUS.

And save your doctor bills. Only 25 cts. a bottle. It is the most effective and valuable medicine ever offered to the American people. As fast as its merits become known, its use becomes universal in every community. No family will be without it after having once tested its great value. It has proved an inestimable blessing to thousands who have used it, bringing back health and strength to those who were seemingly at death's door. Prepared at the Laboratory of the Home Medicine Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Price per Bottle, 25c. Extra Large Size, 75c.

For sale by Druggists, General Stores, and Agents. AGENTS WANTED.
29 aug 7...dawlyly and col n read mat

WARRANTED,

DR. HUL-CEE'S

BOWEL AND LIVER REGULATOR

To cure more persons than any other Medicine

WARRANTED,

DR. HUL-CEE'S

CHILL AND FEVER CURE

To contain no aloes, arsenic, quinine, poison or mineral. One bottle will cure better and more per one than other Chill and Fever Tonic. Pure as Wine.

Wholesale and retail by DANIELS & MARSH, Atlanta, Ga. Also, by the best druggists. Ask them for Dr. Hul Cee's Curative Practice of Medicine sent free to any address. Only made by Dr. HUL-CEE, Sr., & SONS, 105 Louisville, Ky.
233 aug13 d&awfom tues thur sun 9dpay n rm

A PHYSIOLOGICAL

View of Marriage!

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

A Guide to Wedlock and confidential Treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private, considerate reading. 300 pages, price 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., price 10 cts.

Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, containing 500 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts. Address DR. PURVIS, No. 12 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.
434 aug26...d&wly

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the last successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and all other medicines eradicated from the system. Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Or 300 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

PRESCRIPTION FREE

FOR the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by Indiscretion or Excess. Any Druggist has the Ingredients. Address DR. JAQUES & CO., 130 W. Sixth Street.
86 feb5...d&wly CINCINNATI, O.

Hunt, Rankin & Lamar,

Wholesale Druggists,

Corner North Pryor and Decatur sts.,

OFFER to the trade the largest assorted stock of goods in the line of business in this portion of the South, on most favorable terms. We are headquarters for Medicines and Chemicals, and the Central Depot for nearly all the most popular Patent Medicines.

In strictly pure White Lead, Window Glass and Oils, we have a most desirable stock.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
DRUGGISTS.

S.S.S.

IS a perfect BLOOD PURIFIER, and is the only purely VEGETABLE remedy known to science, that has made radical and PERMANENT CURES of SYPHILIS and SCROFULA in all their stages.

It thoroughly removes mercury from the system; it relieves the agonies of mercurial rheumatism, and speedily cures all skin diseases.

For sale by all Druggists.
277 june11 d&w

METROPOLITAN WORKS

Canal Street from Sixth to Seventh

RICHMOND, VA

ENGINES, portable and stationary, SAW MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS of GEARS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c. MACHINERY for Gold and Coal Mines, Blast Furnaces, &c.

We call special attention to our IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINES, for agricultural and other purposes. Also, to our new styles SMALL LOCOMOTIVES for hauling lumber, and other articles upon tramways and narrow gauge railways.

The best Planters regard our GINNING ENGINES superior to any in use. Send for illustrated Catalogue free. Other things being equal encourage Southern institutions.

Repair work solicited and promptly done.

Shafting, Pulleys, &c., for Gin Houses.

Messrs. J. C. & S. P. Milam, Cartersville, Ga. are authorized to receive orders for our machinery in the counties of Gordon, Bartow, Cobb, Floyd, Polk and Cherokee.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.
08 jan16...d&w1y

For Sale.

HAVING determined to make other investments, I offer for sale one handsome Cottage Residence, with Carriage House and Stable, situated on Smith street. Also, one vacant lot on same street. Also Carriage and Harness, almost new. Also, five hundred dollars City Bank stock. Cheap for cash.

W. F. STOKES,
aug16...d1w 17 Alabama Street.

Dr Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Etc.

FALL 1878. FALL 1878.

M. C. & J. F. KISER & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Hats and Notions,

Corner Pryor and Wall streets,

Opposite Kimball House.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

We are now offering to the trade the largest stock of the above goods ever offered in our city, and desire to call the special attention of the trade to the following goods of

OUR OWN IMPORTATION,

Our Compass Brand double-warp Black Alpacas, pure Mohairs, Lustres and Brilliantteens. These goods are regular in point of make and unequalled for color, brilliancy of finish and durability. Also, to our large line of French Cashmeres, Italian Cloths, Veil Bareges, Parisennes, Corduroys, Black Velvets, Jaconettes, Nainsooks, Suisse and Mull Muslins. French, Suisse and Nottingham Laces, and Curtain Embroideries, Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, Washed and Bleached Table Linen Damask, Napkins and Towels, Fronting Linens, Ladies' and Gents' Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs. The above goods are new and fresh and of our own Importation within the last sixty days.

We also ask the attention of the trade to our unusual large stock of Domestic, Cotton and Woollen Goods. Our House was represented at the large trade sale of Flannel and Blankets in New York in July, which goods we bought for less than the cost of the raw material. Our Cotton Goods and Jeans was bought at the low and dull prices of mid-summer.

Our Notion Stock, Boots and Shoes, Men's and Boy's Fur and Wool Hats, Ladies and Misses' Trimmed Hats were never more complete.

It is well to add we have an immense stock of Jeans, both Eastern and Western, with our usual supply of the celebrated Concord Jeans and Cassimeres. All of the above goods will be offered and

Sold at the Lowest Prices.

Our business has increased so rapidly, and has grown so large, that now a bare commission on our sales is quite satisfactory to us for a profit.

We extend a kind invitation and a hearty welcome to all Merchants to examine our stock and prices.
335 aug8...d2m

GEO. W. PARROTT. THEO. F. PARROTT. SAM. P. PARROTT.

PARROTT BROTHERS,

Cotton Buyers

AND

Commission Merchants,

Office No. 27 Decatur Street.

Warehouse and Cotton Yard, corner Bartow street and Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Correspondence solicited from country merchants

Orders for Cotton promptly executed.

Daily quotations of our market furnished on application.

PARROTT BROTHERS.
369 aug18...d1m

PRICES AGAIN REDUCED

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, &c.

12 LIGHT WINDOW, PLAIN RAIL SASH, 8x10, 55c; 10x12, $1 00; 10x14, $1 15; 10x16, $1 40; 10x18, $1 60, 10x20, $1 75.

ROLLING SLAT BLINDS for same—85 cts $1 05; $1 20; $1 30; $1 55; $1 65.

WHITE PINE DOORS, Four Panel, Moulded on Stile and Rail, 1 inch thick—2x6, 80c; 2-4x6-4, 90c; 3-0x6-6 $1 00; 3-0x6-8, $1 10.

1 3-16 THICK—2x6, $1 05; 2 4x6-4, $1 20; 3-0x6-6, $1 20; 2 8x6-8, $1 30; 2 10x6-6 and 2-10x6 10, $1 45; 3-0x6-6 and 3 0x7-0, $1 65.

1¾ THICK—2-8x6-8, $1 40; 3-10x6-10, $1 55; 2 to 3 0x7-0, $1 75; 2 to 3-0x7-6, $1 95; 2 to 3-0x8-0 $2 05.

Builders' Hardware very cheap.

F. W. HART,
30 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
511 marc...dv aug2...

Where to Spend the Summer.

IF YOU desire to spend the Summer in a delightful region, amidst picturesque scenery enjoy the finest summer climate in the world, and secure the comforts of a large, roomy, neatly furnished, airy and well regulated Hotel, address for full particulars, NATIONAL HOTEL,
J. Q. A. LEWIS, Prop. Dalton, Ga.
pr4...d1f

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE LIFE OF A. H. STEPHENS.

The Life of Alexander H. Stephens. By R. M. Johnston and W. H. Browne. (Approved by Mr. Stephens.) Octavo. 620 pages. With portrait from steel. *Sold only by Agents.* Special territory assigned. Descriptive circulars, with terms, mailed on application to

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
aug17 eod3t Publishers, Philadelphia

MANCHESTER

Locomotive Works,

ESTABLISHED IN

Manufacture all kinds of Loc

The Constitution.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—Augusta is disinfecting with copperas.

—According to the Star Covington needs a public steam laundry.

—Macon has burglars who rob stores and then attempt to burn them.

—A Social Circle man has several young almond trees in bearing.

—Billups makes votes every time he makes a speech, and so does Speer—for Billups.

—The Methodists at Brick Store in Newton county are building a new church.

—Sunday afternoon, Henry McGinty, of Athens, aged fourteen, was accidentally drowned near Athens.

—Mrs. L D. Whitson, a lady of great culture and of decided literary attainments, will shortly begin the publication of a weekly paper in Athens under the title of the Gilded Age.

—The Covington Star says that some of the cotton fields in Newton county, which seemed to have been entirely destroyed by the May hailstorm, are now as fine cotton as can be found anywhere.

—Captain J. N. Bass, one of the most popular conductors on the Central railroad, has been made depot agent at Americus. How is this? We were under the impression that Americus had been abolished.

—Citizen Smithy Clayton, of the Athens Anti-Washerman, should not deal too harshly with Colonel Billups because he dressed neatly when he spoke at Gainesville. It is a habit the democratic candidate has, and Smithy should not overlook these little foibles.

—Mr. J. C. Wade, of Harmony Grove, who was engaged in cleaning a well, finding that he was about to be suffocated by gas, called upon those at the top to draw him up. This they proceeded to do, but when half way up, the rope broke and Mr. Wade was precipitated to the bottom. He was finally rescued by Mr. Vaughn, his brother in-law.

—A riot between two colored companies occurred in Savannah last Monday. Savannah has already earned the blue ribbon this season. More affrays, homicides, robberies, cutting scrapes, assaults, attempts at rape, and knock-down-and drag-out scuffles have occurred in that city during the past three months than in all the other cities of the state combined. Give the Forest City room.

—Rev. Dr. J. L. Lyons has shown the editor of the Athens Watchman two very ancient coins—one a Grecian piece made during the administration of Alexander the Great, and the other a Roman coin made during the reign of Antoninus Cæsar. It may be well to observe here that neither Alex. the G., nor Antoninus C. was in favor of independent candidates, and both wore clean tunics.

—Colonel Thomas G. Lawson, of Estonton, writes as follows to the Walton County Vidette: Some one has kindly sent me a copy of your paper, issued the 13th inst., in which you are pleased to propose the writer as a candidate for congress in this district. I can but experience the liveliest gratification in reading the very complimentary terms which you choose to employ in announcing my name in this connection, and I gratefully recognize and appreciate your good opinion thus expressed. But I beg to assure you that I am not a candidate for congressional honors. As is generally known, I shall be a candidate before the next general assembly for the office of judge of the Ocmulgee circuit—preferring this office as one more congenial with my tastes and education, and one in which I can, in my judgment, render more efficient and valuable services to the state. In order that your numerous readers may not consider me a candidate for two offices, incompatible in their nature and functions, I beg you insert this in your next issue. I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant, THOS. G. LAWSON.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

DECISIONS RENDERED AUGUST 20, 1878.

Hon. Hiram Warner, Chief Justice. Hons. Logan E. Bleckley, and James Jackson, Associate Justices.

REPORTED FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Williams vs. The state. Certiorari, from Clarke.

BLECKLEY, J.

Section 4527 of the code makes it penal to carry about the person, unless in an open manner and fully exposed to view, any pistol except a horseman's pistol. The mainspring being disabled so as to render a discharge of the weapon impossible in the ordinary mode of using fire-arms, is no excuse or justification.

Judgment affirmed.

P. G. Thompson, for plaintiff in error.

T. W. Rucker, for the state.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Jackson vs. Langston & Crane. Appeal, from Jackson.

BLECKLEY, J.

1. When a fertilizer is purchased and and accepted with warranty by the seller "as to its effect on crops only as to the analysis of the state inspector as evidenced by his brand on each and and every package," the purchaser cannot, after using the fertilizer, avoid paying the stipulated price if the packages were actually branded in the way contemplated by the contract.

2. The legal evidence justified the verdict, and if any of the testimony was inadmissible it was wholly immaterial to the merits of the controversy and could do no harm.

Judgment affirmed.

Jackson & Thomas; Erwin & Cobb, for plaintiff in error.

P G. Thompson; T. W. Rucker; W. J. Pike, for defendants.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Wilson vs. McMillan. Certiorari from Gwinnett.

BLECKLEY, J.

1 A father, though insolvent, may consent to his minor child's receiving the proceeds of its own labor. A *bona fide* hiring of the child by the father to aid in making a crop, is one mode of giving such consent. The good faith of the transaction is a question for the tribunal trying this fact. A reasonable part of the prospective crop, in a fair and honest contract, may be promised the child at the time of the hiring, as compensation, and such part will not be liable to the father's debts.

2. The evidence was not such as to force a finding of fraud.

Judgment affirmed.

Winn & Simmons, for plaintiffs in error.

N. L. Hutchins, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Davis vs. Wilson. Appeal, from Gwinnett.

BLECKLEY, J.

Where the summons commencing suit in a justice's court for a debt is duly sued and served, and specifies the time and place of trial, the case will not be dismissed, in the superior court on appeal, on the ground that there is no description whatever of the demand sought to be recovered—no amount, date or contract specified, no account, note, or other instrument mentioned, and no copy attached or set out. All these things, if necessary, may be supplied by amendment.

Judgment affirmed.

Jno. A. Wimpey, for plaintiff in error.

Winn & Simmons, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case:

Camp vs. Simmons. Illegality, from Gwinnett.

BLECKLEY, J.

1 Where a sight draft, payable generally to the order of a named person, was drawn by a corporation on itself, and by itself accepted, and was indorsed in blank by several persons, and suit thereon was brought by the executors of the payee against the corporation as principal and the others as endorsers (the payee himself never having indorsed the instrument so as to take the position of first indorser), and judgment was rendered in behalf of the executors against the defendants, and execution issued accordingly, the so-called indorsers, though described as such in the declaration, judgment and execution, were not such technically or substantially, but under the act of 1826 (Cobb's digest, 594), were sureties for the corporation to the payee. They were denominated indorsers in a loose, not in a strict sense, and the misdescription is, after judgment, immaterial, since their true character is apparent on the face of the record.

2. Though the draft was drawn, accepted and indorsed prior to the code, parol evidence is admissible in a contest between the so-called indorsers, to show their actual relation to one another and to the consideration of the draft. The parol evidence which was adduced, corroborates and confirms their apparent relation, and leaves them liable to contribution as co-sureties.

3. One of them having paid off the execution, and having had the fact of payment properly entered on the same, he is entitled to control the judgment and execution as provided for in section 2167 and 2170 of the code.

Judgment reversed.

Clark & Pace; N. L. Hutchins, for plaintiff in error.

Winn & Simmons, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Burns vs. Chandler. Appeal, from Jackson.

BLECKLEY, J.

Homestead proceedings pending in the superior court on appeal are amendable, though commenced before the ordinary as early as 1875. The omission of the surveyor to make affidavit to the correctness of the plat and the value of the premises may be supplied by amendment.

Judgment reversed.

W. J. Pike; Floyd & Silman, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

McMillan vs. Nichols. Appeal, from Habersham.

BLECKLEY, J.

That the county judge, before suit was brought in the county court, was the plaintiff's attorney to collect the note, and that as such attorney he brought suit thereon in the superior court and withdrew the same, did not so disqualify him to render judgment on the note in the county court as to make his judgment void, it not appearing that he had any concern with the note or with the plaintiff, as attorney or counsel, at or after the commencement of proceedings in the county court. The objection to his competency is not available by affidavit of illegality, if at all.

Judgment affirmed.

G. M. Netherland; Erwin & Cobb, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

Doyle vs. Martin. Appeal, from Habersham.

BLECKLEY, J.

1. Where an account for less than one hundred dollars is set apart by the appraisers to the widow as her twelve months' support, she has sufficient title thereto, from the time the appraisers make their return to the ordinary, to maintain an action on the account in her own name. She need not wait until the time allowed by section 2573 of the code for filing objections, has expired.

2 In a suit on the account against the debtor, the widow is a competent witness in her own behalf.

3. The verdict is not contrary to law or evidence.

Judgment affirmed.

C. H. Sutton; G. M. Netherland, for plaintiff in error.

M. G. Boyd, for defendant.

Phillips, et. al., vs. The mayor and council of Stone Mountain. Injunction, from DeKalb.

BLECKLEY, J.

No injunction or order in the nature of injunction will be granted to restrain proceedings in a criminal matter. Eden on Inj. 66; 2 Vesey, sr., 396; 30 Ala. 135; Hilliard on Inj. 2, 269; Kerr on Inj 2; 53 Ga. 675.

Judgment affirmed.

L. J. Winn, for plaintiffs in error.

Candler & Thomson, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Roe and Farrow vs. Doe ex dem. Patton, executor, and Packett. Ejectment, from Lumpkin.

JACKSON, J.

Ejectment on the demise of an executor cannot be defended upon a lease by the executor to the defendant where such lease does not cover the premises in dispute.

Judgment affirmed.

W. P. Price; R H. Baker; H. P. Bell; R P. Lester; John L. Hopkins, for plaintiff in error.

Wier Boyd, for defendants.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

P. R. Fleming vs. T. P. Whitfield. Application for injunction, from Cobb.

JACKSON, J.

Where W. purchased a homestead which was set apart for a widow and minors out of the lands of a deceased father and husband, and sold to F., and where W's title from the widow makes no reference to homestead, and where some of the heirs at law of the deceased husband and father were of full age when the homestead was set apart, and W. recovering judgment and issuing execution thereon for the purchase money levied upon the land, and F. filed a bill to restrain its sale until the equities of all parties could be settled, alleging W's insolvency, and the cloud upon the title and the fact that he had already paid the purchase money in part, and was in danger of losing what he had already paid, and where the answer disputes the insolvency but shows no available property in W.:

Held, that unless the defendant, W., give good security to be judged of by the chancellor for indemnifying the complainant, F., against all loss, the injunction should be granted until the hearing, and all interested be made parties and the case be tried upon its merits.

Judgment reversed on terms.

Boswell King; J. O Gaitrell; W. T. & W. J Winn for plaintiff in error.

Erwin, McClatchey & Erwin, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in the following case.

George Brown vs. The State. Murder from Cobb.

JACKSON, J.

The only ground for a new trial is that the verdict is against the law, and the evidence. The facts make the case one of murder, and the superior court did right to overrule the motion for a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

W. T. & W. J. Winn, C. D. Phillips, for plaintiff in error.

R. N. Ely, attorney general; Thomas F. Greer, solicitor general, for the state.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Officers of Cherokee Superior Court vs. Wyatt. Motion to reduce and retax costs, from Cherokee.

JACKSON, J.

1. Where four defendants are jointly indicted and jointly tried, the clerk of the court, under section 3695 of the code, is only entitled to five dollars costs.

2. In such a case, under section 3696 the sheriff is not entitled to costs for taking the four appearance bonds, no provision being made in said section or elsewhere for such costs.

Judgment affirmed.

Thomas F. Greer, for plaintiffs in error.

C. D. Phillips; W. J. Winn, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Josephine A. Whelchel et. al., vs. Parker, Executor of Riley. Equity, from Lumpkin.

JACKSON, J.

Where the heirs at law of a person who died in 1847, seek to open transactions between their ancestor and defendant's testator, which occurred in 1845 by a bill filed in 1876, and no equity arising out of fraud or concealment is clearly and fully set out and specified in said bill, the bill was properly dismissed on demurrer because of the lapse of time.

Judgment affirmed.

W. P. Price, for plaintiffs in error.

Wier Boyd, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Geo. H. Jones vs A. W. Holcomb. Appeal, from Gwinnett.

JACKSON, J.

Notes given in 1876 for excess of interest over seven per cent. upon money loaned in 1873 upon a verbal contract to pay eighteen per centum per annum are without a legal consideration, and cannot be recovered.

Judgment reversed.

Winn & Simmons; J. N. Glenn; N. L Hutchins, for plaintiff in error.

F. F. Juhan, by W. W. Clark, for defendant.

Richard Green vs Jennie M. Rogers. Illegality, from Habersham.

JACKSON, J.

1. Where goods in a store are mortgaged, and the mortgage, after enumerating certain goods, states that it is to cover all other articles of every description contained in the store and "all future purchases, which he may purchase or goods which he may become possessed of hereafter in said store," such a description of property is certain enough to sustain the validity of the mortgage as between the mortgager and mortgagee.

2. In an affidavit of illegality whose effect is to suspend the process of the court, the grounds should be set out in such manner as to show clearly that the execution is proceeding illegally by the conduct of the plaintiff or of the officers of the law; therefore, an allegation that the mortgage was altered without stating who altered it, or that it was done without the consent of the mortgagor, was properly held insufficient; and so too an allegation that the "property levied on by said mortgage fi. fa. was advertised to be sold by virtue of a fi. fa. in favor of Samuel M. Rogers against the defendant, and there is no fi. fa. vs. this defendant in favor of Samuel M. Rogers," was properly ruled to be insufficient, because the ground does not exclude the idea that it was also advertised for sale under the levy of this fi. fa. of this plaintiff.

3. An affidavit of illegality to the effect that the plaintiff had agreed, in consideration of the payment of thirty-five dollars and the delivery of sundry notes as collateral security, that "indulgence for thirty days from that day should be given upon said fi. fa.," is insufficient under the principle ruled in 4th Ga., 185.

Judgment affirmed.

C. H. Sutton; L. M. Smith, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

Julia Brand and John J. Hammons vs. John B. Sorrells. Ejectment, from Walton.

JACKSON, J.

An award of arbitrators and umpire, duly appointed by the parties according to the code, is binding upon those submitting their rights to such arbitrament, unless attacked for fraud in the party or the arbitrators, or palpable mistake of law or reference of the matter by the arbitrators to chance or lot, none of which is pretended in this case.

Judgment affirmed.

John A. Wimpey, for plaintiffs in error.

J. G. & W. S. McHenry; W. J. Ray, for defendant.

Warner, C. J., was providentially prevented from presiding in this case.

J. J. Bonds et al. vs. Strickland and Vaughn. Claim, from Gwinnett.

JACKSON, J.

Where homestead was set apart and sold by consent of the ordinary, and the proceeds used for the family, the purchaser acquires an equity, and if the debt be such as could not sell the homestead in the hands of the family, it ought not to sell it in the hands of those whose money has been used by the family, and in such a case, the whole homestead law being anomalous, the claimant may invoke the title of his vendors to protect his claim and induce a finding of not subject.

Judgment affirmed.

F. F. Juhan, by brief, for plaintiffs in error.

W. E. Simmons, for defendants.

—To Mothers: Should the Baby be suffering with any of the disorders of Babyhood use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup at once for the trouble. 25 cents per bottle. 243

EDUCATIONAL.

The Archer Institute

MRS. ARCHER, late Principal of "Patapsco Female Institute," near Baltimore, has REMOVED HER SCHOOL TO WASHINGTON CITY. School duties resumed September 26th. For circulars address Mrs. M. E. ARCHER, 1401 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

350 julyr25...cf3mo tues thur sun

BELLEVUE HIGH SCHOOL,

BEDFORD COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

For young men and boys. Session begins Sept 15th. For catalogues containing information address WILLIAM B. ABBOT, Principal, Bellevue P. O.

355 july22...d2m tues thur sun

Educational.

EMORY COLLEGE.

THE TRUSTEES have made an important change—a change that meets well-nigh universal approval. Hereafter there will be but

ONE VACATION.

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For further information write to the President.

ATTICUS G HAYGOOD,

401 july27...d1m Oxford, Ga

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HAS a well earned record for successful and practical teaching, surpassed in the State. It has all the modern appliances, apparatus, and furniture; and a full corps of earnest, enthusiastic, successful Teachers of Art, Science and Literature. It is located in a community justly considered the *most moral, liberal* and *enterprising* in Georgia. Board and tuition for Fall Term, beginning September 2d, 1878, $60. For Catalogue containing particulars, address

CHAS. E. LAMBDIN, President,

358 aug14...d1m Barnesville, Ga.

Wesleyan Female College,

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Course of Study Thorough and Extensive. For terms apply to

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10 july2...d2m

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2 aug2...d1m

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This Institution is in successful operation, having been rebuilt and refurnished; everything is new, and the most modern and improved methods of teaching have been adopted.

One or more of the Teachers will leave Atlanta on the 20th (August) and take charge of any girls on their way to LaGrange. It is important too that each pupil be present the first day.

The whole expense for the Term, including board, washing, lights, fuel, incidentals and Literary Tuition $92 00. Including Music and use of instrument $119 00. Vocal Music in class, Drawing, and Calisthenics free of charge.

232 aug18 d1mo

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374 july24...d1m mo&wk5

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These facts, united by the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($200 per annum), will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for a prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia. Refer to John H. Flynn, W. S. Thomson & General W. S. Walker.

390 july25...d tsep10

EDGEWORTH SCHOOL For Young Ladies,

No. 59 Franklin Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE, PRINCIPAL.

THE Seventeenth Annual Session begins September 19th. For circulars apply to the Principal. 19 au...2m

NASHVILLE ACADEMY.

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children.

MRS. FELICIA G. PORTER,
MISS F. B. O'BRYAN,
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THIS institution offers advantages of the highest order. The teachers have already been secured, and have been selected with great care, so there is no hesitancy felt in promising instruction of the most thorough and finished character to the pupils in every department of education, from the "little ones" in the Kindergarten to those desiring to perfect themselves in the Modern Languages and in Music of the highest style. The prices have been placed just as low as the grade the of teachers employed in the Day School, with the style of accommodations and degree of care bestowed upon members of the boarding families, will justify. The location of the Academy is in the most eligible portion of the city—on South Spruce street, between Church and Broad. Three residence, Nos. 41, 44 and 46, have been secured, which will afford ample room for the Day School, as well as the Boarding Department. For circulars containing further information, address either of the Principals through P. O. lock box 19.

REFERENCES.

Gov J. D. Porter, Nashville, Tenn., Rev. B. M. Palmer, D.D., New Orleans, La., Rev. T. O. Summers, D.D., Nashville, Tenn., Bishop McTyeire, Nashville, Tenn., Rev. Wm. Graham, Rector Christ Church, Nashville, Tenn., Rev. J. T. Leftwich, D.D., Atlanta, Ga., Jas. B Baird, M. D., Atlanta, Ga., the Faculty of the Medical College of the University of Nashville and of Vanderbilt University.

145 july9...d2m wed thur sun

Atlanta Medical College.

THE Twenty-First Annual Course of Lectures will commence October 15th, 1878, and close March 4th, 1879.

FACULTY.

J G WESTMORELAND, M D, Professor of Material Medica and Therapeutics.
W F WESTMORELAND, Professor of Surgery.
WM ABRAM LOVE, M D, Professor of Physiology.
V H TALLIAFERRO, M D, Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Woman and Children.
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Send for Announcement, giving full information.

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Charges have been reduced.

Board and tuition, including washing and fuel, for Fall Session, $95 00 IN ADVANCE

For particulars address

CHAS. M. NEEL, Atlanta, Ga.

411 july28...d1mo&wkl sun tues thur

Railroad Schedule

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA. June 7, 1878.

ON and after Sunday, June 9th, 1878, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	9 00 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	9 16 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 [illegible] a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte for all points West and North.

COMING SOUTH AND WEST.

Leaves Atlanta	11 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	8 30 a m
Leaves Macon	9 00 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	8 15 p m
Leaves Augusta	8 30 a m

Making connection at Augusta for the North and East, and at Savannah with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

TRAIN NO. 2—GOING SOUTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 45 p m
Arrives at Milledgeville	8 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Macon	8 00 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	1 40 p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	5 30 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	3 36 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 06 p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	9 15 a m
Arrives at Columbus	5 15 p m

THROUGH SLEEPER TO AUGUSTA ON TRAIN No. 1.

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula and Albany daily making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line; at Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroads; at Columbus with Western and Mobile and Girard Railroads.

Eufaula train connects at Fort Gaines (for Ferry) daily except Sunday, and at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, returning leave Fort Gaines Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4:47 a m.

Train on Blakeley Extension leaves Albany Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	2 35 p m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	6 35 p m
Leaves Albany	10 10 a m
Leaves Eufaula	8 30 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula & Albany	4 47 p m
Leaves Columbus	10 00 a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	5 05 p m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives at Augusta	6 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15 a m

Making close connection at Savannah with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah and train No 1 from Macon, which trains connect daily except Monday, for these points.

WILLIAM ROGERS,
General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah.
W. J. RAMSEY,
Supt Southwestern Railroad, Macon

000 june13...dtf

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

Great Kennesaw Route

—VIA—

Western and Atlantic Railroad

ON and after Sunday, July 14th, 1878, Triple Daily Passenger trains will be run by the Old Reliable Kennesaw Route.

The Fast Mail Train North

Leaves Atlanta at	2 15 p m
Arrives Knoxville at	10 30 p m
Arrives Bristol at	3 30 a m
Arrives Lynchburg at	1 30 p m
Arrives Washington at	9 15 p m
Arrives New York at	6 45 a m

The Fast Mail Train South

Leaves New York at	8 55 p m
Leaves Washington at	6 35 a m
Arrives Atlanta at	12 10 noon

Only 39 hours from New York to Atlanta.

Pullman Cars run daily between New Orleans Mobile, Montgomery VIA ATLANTA to Washington WITHOUT CHANGE, connecting closely at Washington with Pullman Cars and Coaches for New York without change.

Pullman Palace Cars leave New York daily, making close connection at Washington with Pullman Cars for Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobile, and New Orleans.

The Kennesaw Route is the only line offering such through car arrangements.

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Also make close close connection at Chattanooga from and to all points West.

THE EXPRESS TRAIN NORTH

Leaves Atlanta at ..... 5 10 a m

which makes close connection for Rome and all the

Virginia and Tennessee Springs

also at Chattanooga for all points West.

The Express Train South

Arrives at Atlanta ..... 10 40 p m

making connection from all points West. Also from VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE SPRINGS

The Accommodation

Leaves Atlanta daily (ex'pt Sunday) ..... 4 30 p m
Arrives Atlanta daily (ex'pt Sunday) ..... 8 35 a m

The Kennesaw Route is offering the LOWEST RATES to all Summer Resorts along its line.

Commutation and Monthly Tickets for Summer season at LOW RATES.

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HENRY M. DRANE,
Gen. Freight, Ticket and Passenger Agent.

june8...dtf

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
AUGUSTA, GA., July 13, 1878.

COMMENCING SUNDAY, 14th inst., Trains will leave ATLANTA as follows:

9 30 a. m.—Augusta, Athens, Macon, Washington and Way Stations, Charleston, Savannah, Port Royal, Columbia, Wilmington, Norfolk, Richmond, The Virginia Springs, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and the East via Coast Line.

No connection for Macon or Washington, Georgia, on Sundays.

5 30 p. m.—Covington Accommodation.

6 00 p. m.—Augusta and Way Stations via Main Line, Charleston, Savannah, Columbia, Charlotte, Danville, Richmond, The Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and the East via Virginia Midland or Piedmont Air-Line.

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Tickets Good to Return until October 1st next.

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Railroad Schedules.

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FOR SEASON OF 1878,

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Cape May and Return, all rail, via Philadelphia	45 50
Newport and Return, all rail	57 50
Newport and Return, Rail and Boat	51 00
Saratoga and Return, Rail going, returning by Boat via New York City	54 35
Saratoga and Return, Boat both ways	58 40
Saratoga and Return by Baltimore and Northern Central, all rail, return by Boat via New York City	57 65
Niagara and Return—By Boat to Albany and return all rail via New York City,	61 00
Niagara and Return—By all rail, return by Boat via New York City	68 00
Niagara and Return—By Baltimore and Northern Central Railroad and return via New York City	60 80
Old Point Comfort, Virginia	33 20

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Tickets sold from August 5th to October 1st, Good to Return until October 31, 1878.

NO CHANGE

Of Sleeping Cars Between

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NEW YORK,

PHILADELPHIA,

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Washington City

and Richmond!

Only one change from all points SOUTH and SOUTH-WEST of Atlanta, and this change made in Union Depot at Atlanta at MIDDAY.

☞ By this Route Passengers avoid a change at 9:15 p. m., and the uncertainty of securing SLEEPING CAR ACCOMMODATIONS between WASHINGTON CITY and NEW YORK.

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aug6...dtf

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371 july24 d1m 27 MARIETTA STREET ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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—AND OTHER—

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Robert Hill, Esq., of Dalton, Georgia, Agent for Whitfield, Murray, Catoosa, Gilmer, Fannin Pickens and Union county.

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James H. Smith, of Conyers, Agent for Rockdale and DeKalb counties.

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R. D. Cole & Co., of Newnan, Agents for Coweta and Heard counties.

Messrs. Smith & Summers, Barnesville, Agents for Pike county.

R. Nickerson, Esq., of Athens, Agent for Clarke, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Elbert, Madison and Wilkes counties.

J. H. Banks, Esq., of Lula, Agent for Hall, Banks and

Official Announcements.

We are authorized and requested to announce the name of W. A. FULLER as a candidate to represent the First Ward in the General Council for 1879. 346 aug18...dtd

A

STRONG POINT

in the New "Domestic" Machine is its silence during operation. This, and its light running ease of operation, simplicity, beauty of finish, and last (but not least by any means) its low price, are sterling qualities which commend themselves to those who are seeking a good machine. Our claim: The Best Machine is

MADE STRONGER

by our constantly increasing sales to ladies who have heretofore hesitated about using a machine until they saw the "Domestic."

CRAIGE & CO.,
43 Whitehall Street.

409 mar24...dtf

Alex. Fox, Optician,
39 Whitehall Street.
79 aug4 dim

The Constitution.

TRAVELLING AGENTS:
F. M. ACTON. W. R. JOHNSON

OUR TRADE AND FAIR PAPER.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE CONSTITUTION Trade and Fair issue will be issued on the first day of September. It will consist of eight large pages, or double the size of the Sunday edition. We expect to print 10,000 copies of it. We desire all the aid in the way of information that we can get, for we intend to present a complete summary of the trade not only of Atlanta but of north Georgia. The growth of Atlanta will be fully set forth, and for that purpose we invite contractors and builders to supply us with all the facts in relation to new buildings that they possess. The extent and nature of the city's trade will be presented, supported by facts carefully collated.

One page of this great edition will be devoted to the premium list of the North Georgia fair association, and to other matters relating to the coming fair. As a Trade and Fair paper, the edition will offer unusual attractions to advertisers, especially to jobbing merchants and manufacturers. In order to present in a creditable shape the advantages that our stores and factories offer we desire all the time that is possible. Orders for space should therefore be given within the course of the present week. If our patrons will be prompt in this respect, we promise them a Trade and Fair paper that they will be glad to distribute among their patrons.

THE CONSTITUTION.

THROUGH THE CITY.

NEWS GLIMPSES FROM OUR REPORTERS' NOTE BOOKS.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Col T J Smith, Oconee, Kimball.
—Col W S Wallace, Butler, Kimball.
—Mr W W Carnes, Macon, Kimball.
—Mr Joe Sparks, Griffin, Markham.
—Mr J T Picket, Americus, Kimball.
—Mr W H Roy, Thomaston, Kimball.
—Mr C L Bartlett, Macon, Markham.
—Mr H H Tucker Athens, Markham.
—Mr J G Hardman, Augusta, Kimball.
—Mr W T Roberts, Fairburn, Kimball.
—Mr W G Solomon, Macon, Markham.
—Mr J H Mead, New York, Markham.
—Mr J T Stillwell, Conyers, Markham.
—Mr F P Pope, Washington, Markham.
—Mr J O Blalock, Jonesboro, Markham.
—Mr S Kaufman, New York, Markham.
—Mr W S Halstead, Columbus, Kimball.
—Mr W G Johnson, Lexington, Kimball.
—Mr G W Durham, Thomaston, Kimball.
—Mr U B Wilkinson, Newnan, Markham.
—Mr E T Shanrick, Washington, Kimball.
—Mr W W Herring, New York Markham.
—Mr James H Thomas, Cochran, Kimball.
—Mr W T Motley, Campbell county, Markham.
—Mr J H Hammett, Manning, S C, Markham.
—Mr James D Holmes, Washington, D C, Kimball.
—Mr and Mrs G C Douglass, Columbus, Kimball.
—Mr J C Barton, wife and niece, Conyers, Markham.
—Mrs W R Rogers and Miss Julia Rogers, Macon, Kimball.
—Mr W T Quaile, wife and child, Tallahassee, Fla. Markham.

—Col J C Fain, of Calhoun, was in the city yesterday visiting his friends.

—Mr Perry Chisolm is recovering from his recent injuries as rapidly as possible.

—Mr A Rosenfeld, of the firm of A & S Rosenfeld, of this city, reached New York from Europe yesterday.

—The many friends and admirers of Miss Maggie Chapman greet with pleasure her return to the city, after a delightful sojourn at Catoosa springs.

—Mrs Geo McKinnon, of Savannah, arrived in this city yesterday, and will spend a visit of several weeks with her sister, Mrs Albert B Wrenn, Nelson street.

—Uncle Jim Anderson, of the Covington Star, arrived in this city yesterday, and will remain with us several days on business connected with his admirable journal.

—Mr Wm Hodges is lying dangerously ill at Oglethorpe park. His many friends in this city will regret to learn of his present condition. Yesterday Dr W S Owen was summoned and will attend Mr. Hodges during his illness.

—Mr J T Ingraham, of the Washington Gazette, paid us a pleasant call yesterday. He is in our city in the interest of the Gazette, which is one of the most popular weeklies in the state, and an excellent advertising medium. He will call on our merchants to-day and solicit their patronage.

—We were pleased to meet yesterday Mr Henry F Richardson, of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. He has been sent over by his enterprising journal to report the proceedings of the convention. Mr Richardson, though young in years, is perfectly at home with a pen, and can put as much sparkling, interesting reading into a column as any other newspaper man in Georgia.—Columbus Times.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—What has become of the Beethoven society?

—The Rosini intend to have a concert soon.

—The Red Men had a glorious time Tuesday.

—An occasional shower is a great blessing.

—Barbecues are quite popular with our citizens.

—A hop will take place on Terry street to-night.

—Western freights will be very heavy this season.

—Cigar manufactories are getting numerous in Atlanta.

—Every well organized family in Hall county boasts of having a pair of twins.

—The Odd Fellows ball to-night will be a most enjoyable affair.

—A band stand erected in the city hall park would be a great attraction.

—Drummers will soon infest every portion of Georgia.

—The suburbs of our city are being built up very rapidly with small cottages.

—Oglethorpe park is a fine spot for open air entertainments.

—Delegations of ladies and gentlemen from Griffin, Marietta, Jonesboro and Gainesville, will be at the Odd Fellows' Ball this evening.

—The Alerts will soon visit Chattanooga and play a game with the Roanes.

—Atlanta should have a good base ball ground near the city.

—A rifle contest at our fair would be a be very attractive feature.

—As the time approaches the interest in the Odd Fellows' Grand Ball increases and tickets are being rapidly sold.

—Four car loads of mules and horses have passed through the city during the past few days en route to south Georgia.

—The Atlanta amateur minstrels have broken out in a new place and will soon give another performance.

—Trouble is brewing in the various congressional districts in the state, and beer is brewing at the brewery.

—The city hall park is as popular as ever, and every afternoon the grounds are crowded with visitors.

—The female members of the Central Presbyterian Church and Congregation, are requested to meet in the lecture room of the church, this (Thursday) evening at 5 o'clock.

—Councilman Werner thinks of putting up a fountain at an early day in our beautiful park.

—A number of cross ties are being put under the railroad track opposite the Kimball house.

—Tickets to the Odd Fellows' Ball can be had at the door and of W. G. Gramling, W. W. Haskell, J. E. Goodwin, J. F. Holmes, Joseph Menko, H. A. Agricola, and other members of the committee of arrangements.

MISERY IN THE MELONS.

PUERILE CONFIDENCE RESULTING IN A BIND-ER-PEE.

The Fruitful Cause of Summer Complaints and a Fitful Fiend Interviewed.

There is trouble in the land of the goober-pea and our mothers are in a state of anxious solicitude. The average juvenile is feeding upon the fruit of the land and paying the usual penalty of his rashness and rapacity. Notwithstanding the warnings of past experience and the eloquent epitaphs upon the short graves of our cemeteries the youthful Atlantian will persist in tackling the

PLUSHY AND PRUSSIC PEACH

and the wicked watermelon. The passion for fruit is inborn with the young folks and timely admonition has no effect upon their appetite in that direction.

The extremely hot weather of the past two months has largely increased the natural appetite for cooling fruity juices and the appearance of the melon crop was hailed with an eagerness that has never before been paralelled. Every car-load of the green-bellied beauties has been greeted with delighted patronage and been devoured with avidity.

Of course these melons were not supposed to be devoured in so rapacious a way without having

A FAR REACHING REVENGE.

For some weeks past the physicians of the city have had frequent calls to attend upon the hopeful scions of our society and have generally found those suffering scions in the embrace of cholic and mild cholera morbus. In nearly every household the malignant melon has insisted upon having its own way awhile and the wails of the afflicted have been prolonged and vehement. Peaches are rebellious and melons are treacherous. The innocent youth who gobbles them up wherever he finds them offered cannot expect to escape always. They are as sure of bringing ailments and remorse as the sun is to bring light and heat. Of all the cases of sickness proceeding from them, while

NONE HAVE BEEN FATAL,

yet some have come close to a ghastly consummation. It has only been by the promptest attention and careful using that the city sexton has been saved from an extremely busy season.

Our city is generally in a very healthy condition, and there is no reason to apprehend any change for the worse during the season, unless great neglect of the methods for preserving the public health should suddenly take the place of that vigilance which is alone the price of freedom from disease.

In speaking with one of our leading physicians yesterday, he said:

THE FURY OF FRUIT.

"Why don't some of you newspaper people warn the people against the reckless use of fruit?"

"And why?" we asked.

"Because there is need to have their attention called to the danger involved in the indiscriminate eating of the fruit that is offered for sale in the city."

"Do you find much sickness due to that cause?"

"A very great deal. I have visited three cases only this morning and doubt not I shall have as many more calls before night."

"What would you recommend?"

"In the first place, moderation in the use of fruit. Peaches, grapes and melons are well enough in their way, but there is a proper way to use them. Over-eating of fruit is a most hazardous exploit."

A RAFT OF THE UNRIPE.

"What next?"

"Well, I should say a selection of ripe fruit. I really think that two-thirds of the fruit offered for sale in our streets is unfit for eating purposes. Where the fruit is even ripe it is often steaming hot and unhealthy. The people should be extremely careful to select the freshest and most matured fruit and then not gorge themselves upon it."

"You do not apprehend any serious consequences?"

"No. The complaints are of the common order and give way promptly to simple treatment, but still much trouble and possibly some deaths might be avoided by the people looking well to the consumption of fruit in their families."

We have heard of several serious cases of sickness originating from over-eating of fruit, while there is no ice in the city with which to keep fruit cool the caution to buyers and devourers is opportune. In fact the best preventive of such sickness lies in the moderation with which they are eaten.

A GOOD GAME OF BALL.

The Alerts Win the Game—An Accident to Mr. Griffiths, the Catcher.

Yesterday a fine game of base ball was played at Smyrna between the Alerts, of this city, and the Smyrnas, which resulted in the defeat of the latter club by a score of 7 to 13. The game was called at noon, and lasted about two hours. The playing of each club was very good, and some of the members made severe excellent plays. While playing the seventh inning, Mr. Griffiths, the catcher of the Alerts, was struck in the mouth by a foul ball and

KNOCKED SENSELESS.

His friends picked him up and applied restoratives, which caused him to recover. The accident occasioned a short delay. Mr Jim Lynch took Mr Griffiths' place behind the bat for the remainder of the inning. After which Mr Griffiths resumed his old place, which he filled to the conclusion of the game.

The pluck of Mr. Griffiths is deserving of much praise. Few others would have returned to the responsible position of catcher after having suffered as he did. Mr. Frank Lynch of the Alerts, did some very fine playing, and much praise was heaped upon him. His position was that of 1st baseman. He

PUT OUT TWENTY-TWO MEN

out of a possible twenty-seven, which is considered exceptionably good. The Alerts whitewashed the Smyrna club seven innings out of the nine that were played. Two of the members of our club were unable to go to Smyrna and their positions were filled with substitutes. Several of the members of the Smyrna's acquitted themselves admirably and gave evidence of being very good players.

The full game of nine innings were played and the following is the score of each nine:

Alerts	3 1 1 0 1 0 4 3 0—13
Smyrna	2 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 0— 7

It is to be hoped that the Smyrnas

WILL COME TO ATLANTA

soon and play a return game. Our people are fond of seeing a good game, and we believe that should the Smyrnas come to Atlanta one will be played. All that the club needs is a little more practice and they will come out with flying colors. The game was played on a very good ball ground—much better than any we have here. If the Smyrna club cannot beat the Alerts, they can boast of having a better ball ground than any that we have in or near the city.

Mr. Paul McCarty.

Mr. Paul McCarty, a very estimable citizen of Atlanta, died at his residence, No. 40 Toomey street, Tuesday last at noon. His illness was rather brief, as he was unwell only about two days. Yesterday the funeral of the deceased took place from his late home. The body was carried to the Catholic church, where the sermon was preached in the presence of a large concourse of mourners. When the services had concluded, the procession, which was very large, escorted the remains to the cemetery, where they were interred.

A Cutting Scrape.

Yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock, two negro boys, whose names we failed to learn got into an altercation near the Western and Atlantic railroad, and a lively fight ensued. The affair finally came to an end by one of the negroes pulling out a knife and

INFLICTING A SEVERE WOUND

in the left arm of his opponent, between the shoulder and the elbow. The gash was about two inches deep, and reached to the bone. The flow of blood was very great. The wounded negro repaired to one of the drug stores where aid was procured and the wound attended to. The negro who did the cutting made his escape by running down the railroad track in the direction of the Western and Atlantic railroad shops. The police should look into the matter and arrest the assaulting party, who is still at large.

—There is some mysterious proceeding going on about the headquarters of the Knights of Rex. There were dark shadows and flitting lights seen on that vicinity last night.

—The Atlanta amateurs have planned a parting shot at our citizens, which will be fired at an early day. "Ingomar" will be repeated with a strong support.

THE ATLANTA CADETS.

A Well Merited Compliment.

The correspondence which follows will show that the gallant company whose name heads this article has been the recipient of one of the most delicate compliments which can be paid. One of our charming young ladies has dedicated to it and its captain her first musical composition. The "Cadet Galop" is the name of the piece, and the musicians say that it is in every way worthy both of the fair composer and the splendid company after which it is named. Long may the fair lady live to grace our society, and to produce additional evidences of her high musical cultivation; and long may the Cadets prove worthy of such charming attentions both by their gentlemanly bearing and soldierly behavior.

The piece is now out. It was published by Messrs. Phillips & Crew, our enterprising book house, where it is to be had.

KIRKWOOD, GA., July 8, 1878.

CAPT. HARRY JACKSON—Dear Sir: I have under consideration for publication a piece of music I intend naming Cadet Galop. As a testimonial of my respect, both civil and military, I write to ask your permission to dedicate this my first composition, to you. The piece has been pronounced good. Awaiting your response I am, very truly, your friend,

CORRY ROBSON.

ATLANTA, July 8, 1878

MISS CORRY ROBSON:—I am just in receipt of your very kind note of to-day, and with much pleasure accede to your very flattering request. For my company and myself I return you most sincere thanks for the very high compliment which you tender both to it and its unworthy captain. Coming from he source which it does, the "Cadet Galop" must needs be graceful, harmonious and beautiful. Believe me, Very sincerely your friend, HENRY JACKSON.

The Rossini Benefit.

Thursday night last the Rossini musical club was called to order by Prof. E. H Kruger, their leader, for the purpose of discussing the advisability of giving a concert, at an early date, for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers. There was quite an outpouring of the very best voices in the club, and much interest was taken in all that was done. The body voted unanimously for giving a concert as soon as preparations could be completed. Yesterday we met Prof. Kruger upon the streets and had a short conversation with him

RELATIVE TO THE COMING CONCERT.

The programme is only partially made up, but will be completed to-day.

The Rossini having disbanded for the heated term, many of the members are out of the city. Those who are here will take part in the entertainment, together with a number of their friends who have volunteered their assistance. The concert will have many attractive features in it. The evening's entertainment will be opened by the "Farmer's Mass," in which all of the voices will take part. The quartette, consisting of Messrs Camp, Holland, Patterson and Goldsmith, have consented to sing several choice selections. We are assured by Professor Kruger that the concert will be one of the finest ever given in Atlanta. The entertainment will be given at

A VERY EARLY DAY.

Those who will take part in the concert will meet every night at the hall of the Rossini club for practice. At the furthest the concert will be given in ten days' time, sooner if possible. DeGive's opera house has been secured, and the entertainment will be given there. The cause is a most admirable one, and we have no doubt but that the curtain will roll up before a fine audience. It has not been decided to which city the funds which will be raised will be sent, but we are informed that the assistance will in all probability go to New Orleans.

Old Folks' Concert To-Night.

There will be a concert given for the benefit of the First Baptist church, at the opera house, to-night, under the direction of Prof John W. Beardsley, that will be well worth the price of admission. We witnessed the rehearsal last night, and can safely say that no one will leave the opera house disappointed. The solo rendered by Miss Bachus is alone worth the price of admission. We hope they will have a crowded house, as the concert is given for a benevolent purpose. Let all who are fond of good music and who desire to see the customs of the people of a century ago represented, be sure to attend. Tickets are for sale at Phillip's & Crew at 50 cents to all parts of the house.

AKERMAN'S IDEAS.

An Interview With Grant's Ex-Attorney General.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Amos T. Akerman, of Georgia, attorney general of the United States during part of Grant's first term, is at the Fifth avenue hotel. Mr. Akerman is an original republican, and, with the exception of Mr. Key, present postmaster general, is the only southern man who has held a place in the cabinet since Buchanan. He is at present residing in Cartersville, Ga., practicing law. A reporter had a lengthy interview with him to-day on matters of general interest. "How about this independent movement in the south?" "In Georgia it amounts to practically nothing. It may be different in some other southern states. The republican party in Georgia has made no efforts to do anything for some time; there is a great deal of contention existing among the democrats, and some of them profess independence, but independence is chiefly confined to the democratic party. One candidate strives to prove that he is a better democrat than his opponent. That is about all." "But isn't there a movement in North Carolina and Tennessee, if not in other states, by which a coalition of independents and republicans may work to the advantage of the republican party?" "The democrats are always willing to accept all the republican votes they can get, but they want all the offices. I don't think the independent movement in the south will amount to much until after 1880 anyway, and then it depends on elections in that year." "Then the south is still solid?" "Yes, for the time being; at any rate, the only way the republicans can gain a foothold there is to thoroughly organize and not form a coalition with the democracy. The republicans can hardly make a strong effort to do so until after the presidential election. Since 1869 the republicans lost and won again elections in two southern states. All are now under democratic control. Had Hayes received anything like the vote that General Grant did, I have no doubt but what a revolution in politics would have occurred in the south. The democracy have virtually indorsed the last three amendments to the constitution, and in the St. Louis platform they express gratification that secession was defeated. Of course this was done for effect. Ask any democrat to-day why he is, and he will say, nine cases out of ten, that the reason for being one is based on the fact that he did not believe in the reconstruction acts. Now the southern democracy, though they may accept these acts, do it reluctantly." "Why did not Hayes receive a larger vote for president? Was it because Tilden was so popular?" "No; I don't think Tilden was more popular than any other leading man the democrats might have nominated. The panic of '73 had a bad effect, coming as it did during the administration of a republican. The depression of trade and labor had a bad effect, too, and the result was that Hayes received a very small vote compared to Grant's. However well Hayes' civil service policy may work in the north and west, it works badly in the south, so far as the cause of republicanism is concerned. There are a few wealthy republicans in some southern states, and the rule requiring that no federal officer shall take a prominent part in politics has done much to hasten disintegration of the party. No doubt, Hayes means well, but he has made a mistake." Alluding to the greenback and labor troubles in the south, Mr. Akerman said he had no doubt the southern people wanted plenty of greenbacks, but a financial question in a national canvass would be of secondary consideration to them. They would labor to keep the republican party and the negro down. They were willing, however, to have limited greenbacks, and spend them on internal improvements.

ROLLAND & CRENSHAW,
DENTISTS,
24 Whitehall street, cor. Alabama, Atlanta, Ga.

First-class operators, second to none; charges less than any other FIRST-CLASS dentists in the south. A majority of our gold fillings made for $1 per filling. Artificial teeth $5.00 to $35.00 per set.

Our new dental plate (perfected by Dr. Holland) is far superior to rubber or celluloid, and in point of cleanliness and strength preferable to gold.

Teeth extracted for 50 cents. Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of gas and other anæsthetics.

We propose to be thorough in each and every operation we perform, and can refer to hosts of the best citizens of Atlanta to substantiate all we claim.

Our motto—Comfort and permanent benefit to our patrons.

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Milton County.

The democracy of Milton county met in mass meeting in Alpharetta, yesterday, to select two delegates to the Barnesville convention. The following is the list of gentlemen voted for as delegates with the number of votes received by each: W. H. Nesbit, 100; R. N. Rogers, 99; Middleton Upshaw, 95; H. W. Paris, 93.

The successful delegates, Messrs. Nesbit and Rogers, were elected as Candler delegates. The other two gentlemen were in favor of Colonel J. D. Stewart.

POLICE POINTS.

—Officer Pines arrested Tuesday Lou Tarver upon a charge of larceny. The prisoner was afterwards discharged for want of evidence.

—Officer Veal Tuesday arrested Wesley Daniel upon a charge of cheating and swindling. Wesley was afterwards turned out on warrant.

—Howard Connally was locked up Tuesday, by the police, upon a charge of larceny. For want of evidence the prisoner was afterwards discharged from custody.

—The recorder's daily matinee Tuesday panned out $3, and the city is that much better off than she was before.

—The city is admirably policed.

—Gen. Tige Anderson wants to be off to fight the greasers in Mexico.

—A picture gallery of criminals is on exhibition at the station house.

—The rock breakers' brigade at the station house is doing admirable service.

—A half dozen mounted police would be a great help to our city.

—Cube, a noted negro character, and Alonzo Payne, the man who claims to be an Indian doctor, had a fight while locked up in the same cell a few nights ago.

LOCAL NOTES.

—The trade in watermelons is getting dull.

—Lawn parties are as numerous as ever.

—Passenger travel is looking up handsomely.

—Every day some horse makes the fastest time on record, and some man makes the finest speech of his life.

—Messrs. Langston & Crane received yesterday, the first bale of cotton that was received at Hampton. They sold it to S. M. Inman & Co., for 1 ⅜.

—Maj. C. W. Henderson a few days ago made a score of three hundred points on the bowling alley at Ponce de Leon springs. This we believe is the highest possible score that can be made.

—"A Crushed Mother-in-law" is the title of a farcical comedy written for the Holman troupe. The author says that he "hopes not only to make audiences laugh, but to inspire downtrodden husbands with the courage to strike off their shackles and be free."

—The Savannah Cadets will go to St. Louis in October to drill for the $750 premium offered by the St. Louis Fair association. The company is now drilling nightly, and will make a fine showing for Georgia in the coming contest. The Cadets may probably drill here on their return from St. Louis.

The Peace of a Household

Is often dependent on the culinary and domestic skill of the housewife. Ladies know this and by using Dooley's Yeast Powder insure themselves the most perfect bread and pastry possible. Its use is economy also, for every can is absolutely full weight, and it is so strong and pure as to do away with the use of a much smaller quantity than usual.

Rossini Rehearsal to-night. Every member must be there.

E. H. KRUGER, Musical Director.
407 aug23...d1t

WILHOF'S TONIC—UNFAILING AND INFALLIBLE!—This great Chill Tonic cures Chills without the intervention of doctors and their bills. No consulting visits—no prescriptions to be filled—no huge bills, entailing pecuniary embarrassments, added to loss of health. It is the friend of the poor man, because it enables him to earn a living, and of the rich, because it prepares him to enjoy his wealth. This great boon to mankind is cheap, safe and prompt. WHEELOCK, FINLAY & Co., Proprietors, New Orleans.
627 may1 d&w6m aug10..d&wsw

The ladies of the Central Presbyterian Church will give a Lawn Party in the City Hall Park, Monday evening, August 26th, at six o'clock. Admission, 10 cents.
4 5 aug23...d4t thur fri sat sun

Eighth Anniversary of Capitol Lodge, I. O. O. F. Grand Ball at New Concordia hall to-night. 401 aug22...d1t

Eureka Coal. Sciple & Sons.
165 aug14...dtf

FRUIT JARS, All Kinds. MILLVILLE ATMOSPHERIC FRUIT JARS, CHAMPION FREEZERS. FLY FANS and TRAPS to Merchants at manufacturers prices by McBRIDE & CO
349 nov11...d1yr 4pr

Coal Creek, Montevallo and Eureka Coal. Extra good Lump. By car load as low as can be bought in this city. SCIPLE & SONS,
165 aug14...dtf 59 Decatur street.

The Odd Fellows open the amusement season with a Grand Ball at new Concordia Hall to-night. 401 aug22...d1t

Great closing out sale of our entire dress goods, black grenadines and black silk stocks. We have marked down the above good to much less than they can be manufactured for. FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.
600 july28dtf

Coal! Coal! Coal! Sciple & Sons.
365 aug14...dtf

An Acquisition

Since its virtues have been utilized by Dr. Tobler as a permanent cure for Piles, the Buckeye, now so abundant in our native forests, has become of almost as much importance in the medical world as Cinchona, or Peruvian bark, of South America. Fortunately the medical properties are in the fruit, and not the back; hence the trees will not be destroyed, but will stand many years to yield an abundant supply, and we may regard Tobler's Buckeye Pile Ointment as a permanent remedy. Price 50 cents a Bottle.

For sale by Collier & Co., Pinson & Peacock, and Hutchison & Bro.
41 may2...dcowly s wcowsow

Remember the Odd Fellows' Ball to-night. Tickets admitting gentleman and ladies one dollar. 407 aug22...d1t

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.
378 june21...d&wly cowSsow

FINANCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 21, 1878.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying.....100 | Selling.....101
EXCHANGE—
Buying at.....par | Selling.....¼ prem.
BONDS—

Georgia 6s	100@102	Atlanta City 7s	93@100
Georgia 7s	107@109	Atlanta City 8s	105@107
Georgia gold	107@109	Atlanta 10s	113@115
Georgia 8s	103@112	Augusta City 7s	97@100
So Car. valid 6s	83@ 85	Savannah City	54@ 57
N. R. R. R. 7s	90@103	Macon City	80@ 90
Western R R of Ala. 2d m'tge, endorsed	103@105	Columbus City	100@109
Ga & Cen R R	103@105	Ga. R. R. 6s	94@ 96
Mont & W P R R 1st mortgage	100@102	A. & W. P. R. R.	110@113
Atlanta Water	99@101	Central R. R. 7s	103@106
STOCKS—		So. West R R 7s	100@102
Georgia R.R.	68@ 70	M. & W. P. R. R. 7s	100@103
Central R.R.	53@ 55	W. & A. R. R. Lessees, 10 per ct income bonds	98@100
A. & W. P. R. R.	98@100		
		South Western R.R.	87@ 90
		Atlanta & Str'l R R	94@100

BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK, August 21.—Noon.—Stocks weak. Money 3 gold 100⅛ Exchange long 9⅛ short 9⅜ State Bonds quiet Governments steady.

NEW YORK, August 21.—Evening.—Money easy at 1¾. Exchange weak at 9⅜ Gold steady at 100⅜. Governments irregular; new fives 106⅝. State Bonds quiet.

Stocks generally steady.

N. Y. Central	110⅝	Chicago & N. W.	35
Erie	16¾	Preferred	66¼
Lake Shore	103¾	Rock Island	113⅜
Illinois Central	79¾	Western Union	91⅝
Pittsburg	7		

Sub-treasury balances:
Gold.....$122,668,698 Currency..$49,792,799
Sub-treasury payments:
Interest.....$67,000 Bonds.....$22,000
Customs receipts to-day $421,000

LONDON, August 21.—4 p.m.—Erie 17¾.
PARIS, August 21—1:30 p. m.—Rentes 111f, 70c.

COMMERCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 21, 1878.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Cotton firm at 10¼c.

BY TELEGRAPH

LIVERPOOL, August 21.—Noon.—Cotton firmer and fractionally dearer; middling uplands 6¾; middling Orleans 6¾; sales 12 000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export; receipts 6,000; American 5,700; futures 1-32 better uplands, low middling clauses, August delivery 6 21-32@6 11 16; August and September delivery 6 21-32; September and October delivery 6 21-32; October and November delivery 6 19-32; November and December delivery 6 15-32; new crop shipped in October and November per sail 6 15-32; December and January 6 13-32.

LIVERPOOL, August 21.—5 p. m.—Sales today included 10,000 bales American. Futures dull; November and December delivery 6 7-16@

NEW YORK, August 21.—Noon.—Cotton steady; sales 884 bales; middling uplands 12; Orleans 12¾; futures firm.

August	11.9	November	11.27
September	11.70	December	11 30
October	11.46		

NEW YORK, August 21.—Evening.—Cotton market steady; sales 704 bales; middling uplands 12; Orleans 12¾; net receipts to-day none; gross 896; futures closed easy; sales 45,000 bales.

August	11.97	January	11.19
September	11.69	February	11.24@11 26
October	11.44@11.45	March	11.31@11.33
November	11.24@11.26	April	11.38 @11.40
December	11 1e@11.19	May	11.45@11.47

Consolidated net receipts 904

GALVESTON, August 21.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¾; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 438 bales; gross —; sales 905; stock 1,845.

NORFOLK, August 21.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¼; net receipts 10) bales; gross —; stock 945; exports coastwise 90.

BALTIMORE, August 21.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¾; low middlings 11¼; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 979; gross —; sales 390; stock 1,193; spinners 115

BOSTON, August 21.—Cotton steady; middlings 12; low middlings 11¾; good ordinary 11; net receipts 64 bales; gross 64 sales —; stock 2,462.

WILMINGTON, August 21.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middlings 11¾; low middlings 11; good ordinary 10½; net receipts — bales; gross —; sales —; stock 1.0.

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—Cotton steady; middlings 12¾; low middlings 11¾; good ordinary 11¼; net receipts —; gross —; sales to spinners 308; stock 1,634

SAVANNAH, August 21.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 11¾; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 334 bales; gross 334; sales 100; stock 768.

NEW ORLEANS August 21.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 76 bales; gross 76; sales 150; stock —; exports coastwise 658.

MOBILE, August 21.—Cotton nominal; middlings 11¾; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 19 bales; gross —; sales —; stock 608.

MEMPHIS, August 21.—Cotton dull; middlings 11¼; receipts 26 bales; shipments 100; sales 75; stock 1,338.

AUGUSTA, August 21.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¾; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 10¾; receipts 52 bales; shipments —; sales 30.

CHARLESTON, August 21.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¼; low middlings 11; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 89 bales; gross —; sales 25; stock 434.

Atlanta Produce Market.

EGGS—16@17c.
BUTTER—Choice 20; fair 15@18; common 10@12½.
POULTRY—Chickens, cocks 12½@15; hens 17@18; spring chickens 13@16.
BEES WAX—23@23½.
FEATHERS—new choice mixed 45@50.
DRIED FRUIT—Peaches—prices hardly established; a few brigh. new will bring 6@6½; unpeeled 3½; apples, none.

Live Stock Market.

Sheep 3@4¼; common cattle 3½@4; good cattle 4@4½; choice cattle 4½@5; extra cattle 5@5½; North Georgia cattle 3½@3; Tennessee 4@5.

Grocery Market.

WHEAT—75@81 C3.
WHEAT BRAN—55.
OATS—40.
HAY—Timothy $1 00; Clover 95.
CORN—63@65.
MEAL—66
GRITS—$4 50.
PEAS—75.
POTATOES—Sweet $1 75@2 bushel; Irish, $2 00.
ONIONS—$1 50@$1 75.
MOLASSES—36
SYRUP—new orleans 35@50.
COFFEE—Rio 16@19; old Government Java 30@30.
SUGAR—Standard A 10; white extra C 9¾; extra C 9¼; yellows 8@9; New Orleans 8@10
FLOUR—Fancy $6 25; extra family $6 00; extra $5 50.
BACON—Clear sides 8; Sugar-cured Hams 13½@14.
GREEN MEATS—none.
BULK MEATS—Clear rib sides 7¼; no clear sides
LARD—Tierces, 10¼; refined 9¾.
CRAHAM CHEESE—15.

Miscellaneous

SALT—Virginia $1 50; Liverpool $1 10.
LIME—$1 00@$1 25.
NAILS—$3 75.
LEATHER—Hemlock sole 20@25; white oak @35; Georgia upper 28@40; lining skins $4 00@9 00; calf @1 40.
HIDES—10@11.
BAGGING—Gunny none; Domestic 2 lbs 12, Domestic 2¼ lbs 13¼; Domestic 2¾ lbs 13¾.
IRON TIES—¾ bundle $2 40.
POWDER—Blasting $3 50@$4 00; rifle $6 00
SHOT—Drop $3 25; Buck $3 50.

Tobacco.

Manufactured Tobacco—very common and indelible 40c; fair common 11 inch 42@45c; medium 45@50c; extra medium 11 and 12 inch 50@60; Fine 11 and 12 inch 60@75c; extra fine and fancy styles 75@$1 00; Brown's extra or Log Cabin $1 00; Leatherwood $1 00; Natural leaf $1 00 Calhoun $1 25; Cook's Extra Fine Fig 85; Fine Cut in pails, 75@85.

Smoking Tobacco—Common assorted sizes 45@50; medium 50@55; Durham best standard brands 85@90.

Dry Goods.

Ticking 5@20; stripes 8; osnaburgs 8¾@9¾; sanuette 5@7½; prints 4½@5½; brown sheetings 7; brown drills 6; bleached sheetings 6@11; bleached shirtings 4@8; checks 8@11½; yarns 35.

Fruits and Confectionaries.

FRUITS—Lemons $10 00 @ box; Apples, none; Oranges, none; Cocoanuts, 4 one; Raisins $3 25@$3 50; ½ box $1 25; ¼ box 75c; Currants 7½@8c; Citron 20@25c; Figs 10@14c; Almonds 20@23c; Pecans 7½c. 10c; Brazils 7½@10c; Filberts 3½@10c.

BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK, August 21.—Noon.—Flour quiet. Wheat heavy; spring unsettled, August firmer; otherwise ½@1c lower. Corn a trifle firmer. Pork about steady at at $13 12½. Lard heavy at 7 35. Turpentine 37. Rosin $1 37½. Freights quiet.

NEW YORK, August 21.—Evening.—Flour less active and in buyer. favor; southern unchanged. Wheat 1@2c lower; winter active; spring very quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 18, ungraded winter red 90@$1 10. Corn opened a shade firmer; closing quiet and heavy; ungraded 44@49; steamer 47½@48¾. Oats ½@¾c lower; fair business; No 3 2@. Coffee steady and quiet. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 7@7¾; prime 7¾; refined firmer; standard A 9; granulated 9¾; crushed 9¾@9¾; powdered 9¼@9¾. Molasses dull and much unchanged. Rice steady; in moderate inquiry. Rosin quiet at $1 37½@$1 42½. Pork heavy; moderate trade; mess quoted at $10 12½@$10 25. Turpentine quiet at 37½. Lard steady; middle western long clear 6¾@6⅞; city 6¾. Lard closed firm; prime steam 7.30@7.35. Whisky firm at $1 09½@$1 10. Freights firmer.

CHICAGO, August 21.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat unsettled, fair demand at lower rates; No. 3 red winter 83 cash; 91¾ September; No 1 Chicago spring 93¾; No 2 Chicago spring 83 cash and August; 90 September; 88¾ October; No 3 Chicago spring 80. Corn steady; cash 38¾@38¾; September 38½; October 39.39¼. Oats steady; 21 bid cash; 23@23½ September; 22½@22¾ October. Pork unsettled but generally lower; closed firmer; cash and September $9 50; October 9 62½. Lard fairly active; cash 7¾; September 7.15; October 7.30. Bulk Meats steady and unchanged. Whisky in fair demand at $1 07.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, August 21.—The Drovers Journal reports Hogs dull and 10c lower; prime shipping 4.40@4.70; light 4 00@4 15